PUBLISHED MONTHLY PRICE ANNAS 8.
THE INDIAN RAILWAY
**TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.**
THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE GUIDE IN INDIA.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways Steam Boats, and Daks, Places of Interest—Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 53,591—New Series. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 15, 1905. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

**Milkmaid** BRAND **Milk**
LARGEST SALE in the WORLD.

## SHIPPING.

### PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY

WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

| Date of Sailing. 1905. Saturday. 2 P.M. | Steamer. | Tons. | Connecting at Aden with. | Tons |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| 16th Sept. | CALEDONIA | 7558 | | |
| 23rd „ | ORIENTAL | 5284 | VICTORIA | 6522 |
| 30th „ | MALTA | 6064 | | |
| 7th Octr. | PENINSULAR | 5294 | HIMALAYA | 6898 |
| 14th „ | ARABIA | 7993 | | |
| 21st „ | ORIENTAL | 5284 | INDIA | 7911 |
| 28th „ | PERSIA | 7951 | | |
| 4th Nov. | PENINSULAR | 5294 | BRITANNIA | 6525 |
| 11th „ | MOLDAVIA | 9500 | | |
| 18th „ | ORIENTAL | 5284 | MONGOLIA | 9505 |
| 25th „ | EGYPT | 7912 | | |
| 2nd Dec. | PENINSULAR | 5294 | CHINA | 7912 |
| 9th „ | MOOLTAN | 1000 | | |
| 16th „ | ORIENTAL | 5284 | MARMORA | 10509 |
| 23rd „ | ARABIA | 7903 | | |
| 30th „ | PENINSULAR | 5294 | MACEDONIA | 10512 |

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.
Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting steamer at Port Said.

**HEAVY BAGGAGE** must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12 and 12-30 o'clock P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on Board the Mail Steamer unless so examined, and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on Board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on TUESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China, and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at ports en route.

FRANK RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 25th August, 1905.

### HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

**GRINDLAY GROOM & CO.,**
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced Rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents.—GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON AGENTS.—GRINDLAY & Co.

COMPAGNIE DES
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

### FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | To Sail on THURSDAY. |
|---|---|---|---|
| DUMBEA | 5916 | Boyer | 5th Oct. 1905. |
| AUSTRALIEN | 6,635 | Verron | 2nd Nov. 1905. |
| VILLE de la CIOTAT | 6,630 | Etienne | 30th Nov. „ |

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT,
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

| Vessel. | Tons. | Captain. | To Sail on or about |
|---|---|---|---|
| VILLE de la CIOTAT | 6,630 | Etienne | 16th Sept. 1905. |
| YARRA | 4,255 | Sellier | 14th Oct. „ |

RETURN FARES TO AUSTRALIA.

Available for 24 months.
1st Class Rs. 745. 2nd class Rs. 585. 3rd class Rs. 295.
For further Particulars apply to

P. de BURE, Agent.
67, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

MAY 1st 1905.

ALL PREVIOUS ISSUES ARE HEREBY CANCELLED.

### ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS,

From BOMBAY via KARACHI TO LONDON (via MARSEILLES or GENOA); LIVERPOOL and other Ports.

The following Sailings are subject to alterations :—

| Class. | Steamer. | Tons. | Commander | Sailing from Liverpool. | Due at Port Said about. | Due Bombay about. | Leave Bombay. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | | | | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 | 1905 |
| B | Eden Hall | 3610 | *Haddy | 29th Au. | 11thSep | 25thSep | 30thSep |
| B | City of Madrid | 4899 | *Knaut | 7thSep. | 19th „ | 3rd Oct. | 7th Oct. |
| B | Merton Hall | 4331 | *Prowse | 16th „ | 28th „ | 12th „ | 17th „ |
| A | City of Vienna | 4672 | Morrison | 30th „ | 13thOct. | 25th „ | 30th „ |

Steamers marked * have no Electric Light.

All the A class Steamers carry Surgeon and Stewardess and are fitted with Electric Fans and Light.

For Passage and further Particulars apply to

**KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,**
Agents, ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BI-WEEKLY edition.—Issued on Wednesday and Saturday, giving all the News and Telegrams up to date. Subscription per Annum, Rs. 12; Half-yearly Rs. 6; Quarterly Rs. 3, to subscribers in Bombay; Rs. 15 to the Mofussil.

## SHIPPING.

### THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KARACHI.

T. S. "LHASA," 2,171 tons, on FRIDAY, 15th Sept. from the Victoria Dock, No. 14 Shed, on arrival of English Mail.

FOR KATHIAWAR PORTS AND KARACHI.

T. S. "LAMA," 2,170 tons on MONDAY, 18th Sept. at 5 p.m., from Victoria Dock, No. 14 Shed, calling (weather permitting) at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder and Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "MADURA," 1,956 tons, on MONDAY, 18th Sept. from the Victoria Dock, No. 14 Shed, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Dubai, Linga, Bahrein, Bushire, Koweit and Busreh.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH.

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on THURSDAY, 21st Sept. from the Victoria Dock, No. 14 Shed, calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, and Mahomera, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR EAST AFRICA AND ADEN.

S. S. "NERBUDDA," 3,025 tons, on or about 12th Oct., calling at Zanzibar, Mombasa, Lamu and Aden.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "BHUNDARA," 2,936 tons, on or about 27th September.

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 14th September, 1905.

STEAM.
CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning via Torres Straits booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

For Freight, Passage, or other Particulars, apply to

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 14th Sept., 1905.

### KING, KING & CO.,

BANKERS and EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.

PASSAGES ENGAGED and best available berths secured at lowest rates obtainable by P. and O. and all other Steamers free of charge of Commission.

Latest List of Sailings, Fares and Handbook of information furnished by return of post on application.

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES for Railway Officials, Missionaries and Family Parties obtained.

Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. and O.

Every assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.

Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.

Packages of every description received for Despatch as Cargo to MESSRS. HENRY S. KING & Co., London, or MESSRS. KING, BAILLIE and Co., Liverpool.

Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on application

KING HAMILTON & Co.,
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co
UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ AND PORTSAID.

DIRECT LINE.

| Steamer. | Captain. | Tons. | To sail on |
|---|---|---|---|
| IMPERATOR | F. Mosca | 4,119 | 1st Oct. 1905. |
| IMPERATRIX. | G. Gherzo | 4,194 | 1st Nov. „ |
| IMPERATOR | F. Mosca | 4,119 | 1st Dec. „ |

PASSAGE MONEY.

| | 1st Class. | 2nd Class. | Deck. |
|---|---|---|---|
| TRIESTE OR VENICE | Rs. 800 | Rs. 325 | Rs. 150 |

Takes Passengers to East African ports with transhipment at Aden.

ORDINARY LINE.

| Steamer. | Captain. | Tons. | To sail on or about. |
|---|---|---|---|
| † AUSTRIA | R. Colledani | 7,598 | 5th Oct. 1905 |
| † PERSIA | P. Craglietto | 5,895 | 5th Nov. „ |
| † SILESIA | L. de Stabile | 6,000 | 5th Dec. „ |
| *† TRIESTE | D. Mistrorigo | 5,095 | 25th Dec. „ |

* Will call at Karachi. † Will call at Fiume.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

| | Saloon. | Deck |
|---|---|---|
| TRIESTE OR VENICE | Rs. 400 | Rs. 1[illegible] |

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.

1st Class, Rs. 900, 2nd Class Rs. 488, Saloon Rs. 600

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON

1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued Via Trieste, the St. Gothards and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyds and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co. at reduced fares

Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another Steamer of the Company which takes about 8 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

| Steamer. | Captain. | Tons. | To sail on or about |
|---|---|---|---|
| TRIESTE | D. Mistrorigo | 5,095 | 28th Sept. |

For further particulars regarding Passages, Apply to

L. FONDA, Acting Agent.
Sassoon House, 54, Church Gate Street,
Fort, Bombay.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.
(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.)

Regular fort-nightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following Steamers will SAIL:—

| Steamers. | Tons. | Capt. | To sail. |
|---|---|---|---|
| SOMALI | 2655 | Wrinker | 25th Sept. |

Taking Passengers and Cargo for LAMU, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE Coast ports and DURBAN.

For Rates and Particulars apply to

A. STRANDES,
Agent.
4, Medows Street, Bombay, [illegible]st August, 1905.

## MOTOR CAR WATCHES

SOUND, Keyless Lever movement guaranteed to withstand the rough wear which, a watch fitted to a Motor Car must necessarily receive. Fitted with atmospheric compensation balance and brequet hairspring. The latter prevents displacement of Hairspring in the event of severe blow or fall. 2½ inch dial. Nickel case.

The Watch is supplied with perfect fitting Nickel Case with Screw Holes for attaching to Car, the angle at which back is cut brings dial of Watch prominently before Car occupants.

8—DAY. RS. 45
30—HOUR. RS. 35.

WARRANTED FOR TWO YEARS.
CAREFULLY ADJUSTED AND REGULATED.

**MARCKS AND CO., LD.,**
BOMBAY AND POONA.

COOK'S HOTEL COUPONS ACCEPTED.

### A FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL.

COMMANDS A SPLENDID VIEW OF THE MAIDAN.
UNDOUBTEDLY THE HEALTHIEST AND MOST ACCESSIBLE LOCALITY IN CALCUTTA.
Every BEDROOM has a BATHROOM Attached.
ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS.
Telegrams and Letters receive prompt attention.

### CONTINENTAL HOTEL,

CALCUTTA.

TABLE D'HOTE RESERVED FOR HOTEL RESIDENTS AND THEIR GUESTS.
RESTAURANT a LA CARTE and PRIVATE DINING ROOMS on the Ground floor, with separate entrance. No public bar kept.
SPACIOUS PAVILION, SPECIALLY INTENDED FOR LADIES.
REPLETE WITH EVERY COMFORT AND CONVENIENCE.

**F. A. BOSCOLO.** Proprietor.

PLEASE NOTE THAT

### DR: H. L. BATLIWALLA.

IS THE ONLY ONE

In the whole of India who has received TWO MEDALS from the INDUSTRIAL INDIAN EXHIBITIONS FOR FEVER REMEDIES.

MALARIA ! CHALLENGE OF Rs. 5,000.

### BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS OR MIXTURE:

GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE drives all the poisonous Malarial germs out of the body. It is truly wonderful that this dread disease can be cured so readily, but it can and that is all you need to think about. If you buy a bottle of BATLIWALLA'S AGUE PILLS or MIXTURE and if it does not cure your Influenza Malarious, Intermittent and Bilious Fevers and mild form of Plague, let me know at once and I will refund your money. I want no man's money unless I am satisfied that Batliwalla's remedies has given him more than his money's worth. Can you blame me for being enthusiastic about the efficacy of Batliwalla's Remedies ? I have been selling them for years all over this country and in other countries. Batliwalla's Ague Mixture has attained such a high reputation in the Bombay Druggist's market that if I agree to take only one Rupee per dozen less than the market rate, I can sell one thousand dozens of it in one day only I offer a challenge of Rs. 5,000 to any one who can disprove this statement.

BATLIWALLA'S EMBIRIL TONIC PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE.
GUARANTEED TO CURE OR MONEY BACK.

A valuable remedy in all cases of Nervous exhaustion, Melancholia, Pale Shallow complexion, Overwrought brain-work, Impotency, Constitutional weakness, Seminal emission in sleep, Early stage of Consumption, Indigestion, Impairment of understanding due to excessive indulgence and many other ailments to which the human frame is subjected. In cases of prematurely aged persons these Pills are found highly effective. They are highly recommended to all busy workers who earn their living not by muscle, but by their brains, and to students and scholars, growing boys and girls, who in addition to perhaps inheriting a feeble constitution, are educated on the modern system of cram and overwrought brainwork. These Pills have been found to be powerful and rapid restorer of mental and physical vigour. They restore the diminished capacity for intellectual work, the loss of appetite and imperfect digestion

PRICE Rs. 1-8 PER BOTTLE.

Batliwalla's Ague Pills or Mixture and Batliwalla's Embiril Tonic Pills (for Pale People may be had from TREACHER and Co., Kemp and Co., PHILLIPS and Co., BEYNON and Co. etc,. etc., etc. or from the Sole Manufacturers, DR. H. L. BATLIWALLA, Worli, Dadar Bombay. Discount to the Trade

### BOMBAY GAZETTE EXCHANGE STERLING TABLE.

PRICE Rs. 2.

THE *Bombay Gazette* STERLING EXCHANGE TABLE is a small neatly bound BOOK covering all RATES in 32nds, both Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling, from 1s. 3 3-4d. to 1s. 4 23-32d. The Book will, it is found, supply a long-felt want, as since the stoppage of the free coinage of silver, rates have varied well within those given both for Demand and six months' Currency Bills, and the extensive and expensive tables in general use are now no longer required. The form adopted will also greatly facilitate the conversion of broken amounts.

The cheapest, best, and most convenient.—*Vide* Press notices.

"MAX" IN "CAPITAL" SAYS :—"To anyone in want of a most handy set of Exchange Tables, I would recommend the little volume published by *The Bombay Gazette*. Its range is from 1s. 3 3-4d. to 1s. 4 23-32d., advancing on the sterling side by 32nds up to £100,000, and on the rupee side from 1 pie up to Rs. 10,000,000. The calculations are carried out to two decimal placesof the lowest coins. The size of the book is 8 1-2in. by 5 1-2 in. and consists of 65 pages of clear type, well printed and well got-up in every way. If anyone would like to verify these statements and at the same time come into possession of a valuabel commercial assistant, he can do so for the modest outlay of two rupees.

### SUITINGS FOR THE PRESENT SEASON.

LIGHT AND DURABLE.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| LOUNGE FROM | Rs. | 35 |
| VISITING | „ | 65 |
| DRESS | „ | 75 |

A SPLENDID CHOICE.
STYLE, FIT, AND FINISH.
INSPECTION INVITED.

**HOAR & CO.,** { HIGH CLASS CASH TAILORS. } **BOMBAY.**

BECK & CO.'S KAISER BREWERY KEY MARK.

### PILSENER BEER

ON
DRAUGHT
AT
MONGINI BROS.

SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA :
**HADENFELDT & CO**
CALCUTTA.

### GOOD NILGIRI COFFEE.

DIRECT FROM THE CURING WORKS.

TRADE **S. & CO.** MARK

| | Rs. | a. |
|---|---|---|
| 30 lbs. bags Large Coffee delivered free at any Railway Station between Coimbatore and Bombay | 12 | 0 |
| 6 1-lb. tins Finest Ground Coffee, Red Ensign label, delivered free of all charges at any address in India—V. P. Post | 6 | 0 |
| 1 5-lb. tin Terramia Orange Pekoe Tea do. do. do. | 5 | 0 |

FOR FULL PARTICULARS OF WHOLE and GROUND COFFEE and TEA.

APPLY TO **T. STANES & CO.,**
COFFEE WORKS, COIMBATORE.

Bombay Wholesale Agents :—
MESSRS. **BRADFORD & CO.**

### MONGINI BROTHERS.

FINEST ITALIAN CONFECTIONERY.

| | Rs. as. | |
|---|---|---|
| VENCHI'S CARAMELLE MIGNON (with Fruit Gelatine) | 1 12 | per lb. |
| VENCHI'S DRAGEES (Imitation Pears, Cherries, Hazelnuts, Beans etc.) | 1 12 | „ |
| VENCHI'S ROCK DROPS, SATINES, FOURRES, etc. | 1 12 | „ |

or in Small Pocket Flasks As. 8 each and in Large size patent air-tight Glass Jars Rs. 3-12 and Rs. 7.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
DESSERT CHOCOLATES
CHOCOLATE COINS, MEDALS,
CIGARETTES, ETC., ETC.

UP-COUNTRY ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO

**MONGINI BROTHERS.**
MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS AND CATERERS,
25-27, CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.
TELEPHONE NO. 325.

### VENNING AND RAMSAY,

PRACTICAL TAILORS,
21, Hornby Road,
OPPOSITE PHILLIPS & Co.,
FORT.

FOR THE RAINS.

| | Rs. | As. |
|---|---|---|
| WATER PROOFS | 22 | 8 |
| Ready made or to Measure | 35 | 0 |
| Silk Umbrellas ......Rs. 8-8 | 10 | 8 |

LOUNGE SUITS.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Flannel—Well Shrunk | 30 | 0 |
| Angola | 35 | 0 |
| Best Cashmere<br>Tropical | 45 | 0 |

Patterns and Measurement Forms on Application.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
FLORIO AND RUBATINO UNITED COMPANIES.

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE.
(transhipping at PORT SAID).

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | To sail on |
|---|---|---|---|
| R. RUBATTINO | 4,589 | M. Saporiti | 15th Sept. 1905. |
| D. BALDUINO | 4,580 | O. Canepa | 14th Oct. 1905. |
| R. RUBATTINO | 4,580 | M. Saporiti | 15th Nov. 1905. |

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

| | 1st Class. | 2nd Class. | 3rd Class. |
|---|---|---|---|
| Single tickets | 600 | Rs. 380 | Rs. 165 |
| Return tickets available 2 years | 900 | 585 | |

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application. Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 815; 2nd Class, Rs. 585. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

| Vessels. | Tons. | Captains. | To sail on |
|---|---|---|---|
| CAPRI | 6,000 | G. Belsito | 16th Sept 1905. |
| ISCHIA | 6,000 | A. Cogliolo | 17th Oct. 1905. |

Excellent accommodation. SALOON Fares to SINGAPORE Rs. 165, and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

F. CROCCO, Agent.
Hornby Road, No. 58.

## PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

### INDIAN ELECTRICITY ACT, 1903.

### NOTICE.

IN the matter of the Indian Electricity Act, 1903, and an application made by the BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY and TRAMWAYS Co., Limited, for a License for the Supply of Electrical Energy for traction purposes within the Town, City and Island of Bombay.

(a) Notice is hereby given that the BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY and TRAMWAYS Co. Ld. having its registered Office at Colaba Causeway and a branch Office at Canada Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, have applied to the Government of Bombay for a License for the supply of Electrical Energy for traction purposes.

(b) The area throughout which it is proposed to supply energy is the whole of the Town, City and Island of Bombay.

(c) The supply is to be given for the purposes of traction.

(d) It is proposed to supply the energy from the Central Station owned by the applicant and located at Wari Bunder (within the area of supply) or from a station or stations to be erected within the area of supply; and to lay down underground mains or to erect aerial lines on such system or systems as may be approved by the Local Government.

(e) The streets and other places for which powers are sought to break up, and in, under, over, or along which powers are sought to place electric supply lines are all streets and places under the control of the Municipality, the Bombay Port Trust, the Bombay City Improvement Trust, the Local Government and the Military Works Department and the other streets specified in the second annexure to the draft license referred to in the next clause and also the level crossings of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company and the Bombay, Baroda and Central Indian Railway Company.

(f) Copies of a map of the district showing the proposed area of supply and the draft license have been deposited for public inspection at the offices of the Municipal Corporation for the City of Bombay, the Bombay Port Trust, the Bombay City Improvement Trust and at the undersigned's Office, Canada Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, and printed copies of the draft license and of the license when granted will be furnished at the price of one rupee for each copy to all persons applying for the same at the offices of the Municipal Corporation, the Bombay Port Trust, and the Bombay City Improvement Trust, or from the undersigned.

Every Local Authority, Company, or person desirous of making any representation to the Local Government or of bringing before it any objection respecting this application may do so by letter addressed to the Secretary to the Local Government in the Public Works Department, Bombay, on or before the 13th day of December, 1905. A copy must at the same time be sent to the undersigned.—Dated the 13th day of September, 1905.

FRANK W. CHANTER,
Agent to the abovenamed
BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & TRAMWAYS Co., Ld.
Canada Building, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

### BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

### NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES, of IRON and STEEL, ARRIVED per HANSA LINE S.S. "SCHONFELS," B. Shed Prince's Dock, are hereby informed that their Consignments ex above Vessel, are ready for delivery.

JOHN HAND,
Superintendent, Port Trust Docks.
Dated 15th September, 1905.

### THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS.

THE ASSOCIATED EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED on TUESDAY, the 19th instant, being A PUBLIC HOLIDAY under the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881.

### GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

RACE SPECIAL will run to POONA TO-MORROW. Restaurant and Parlour Cars, Electric Lights and Fans. Particulars at Victoria Terminus.

A. MUIRHEAD,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 15th September, 1905.

### NOTICE.

THE HALF YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of Members of the Western India Turf Club will be held at the Race Stand, Poona, at 8 A.M., on SATURDAY 30th September, 1905.

By Order.
CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.
Poona, 28th, August 1905.

### BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

### CONSTRUCTION OF BULK OIL PIER AT SEWRI.

THE DATE for SUBMISSION of TENDERS has been EXTENDED to 11 A. M., on MONDAY, the 16th October, 1905.

By Order of the Trustees,
J. TYERS,
Acting Secretary.
Office of the Trustees of the Port of Bombay.
Ballard Road, Bombay, 29th August, 1905.

### NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited for adapting COMPANY'S BUNGALOW on the Hill side for Judge's Residence at Karwar, in Kanara District, and will be received at Karwar by the Executive Engineer, Kanara, up to 2 P.M., on the 29th September, 1905. Contract Papers can be seen in the Undersigned's Office, at Karwar, and Forms of Tender can be had during office hours from the same office, on payment of a deposit of Rs. (3) three only, which will be returned on submission of a bona fide Tender.

G. V. GAYATONDE, L. C. E.,
Executive Engineer, Kanara.

### POSTAL NOTICE.

WITH EFFECT from the 1st October, 1905, the ONE-ANNA and HALF-ANNA postage Stamps at present in use may be employed either for postal purposes, or for the payment of Stamp duty in all cases in which the one-anna receipt Stamps are required under the provision of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899). Post Offices will, therefore, discontinue selling the present receipt stamps from the date mentioned.

From the same date the existing rule of the Post Office which lays down that no defaced stamp can be accepted in payment of postage or postal charges will be strictly enforced and all Postage Stamps bearing on their faces pen-marks, or dates, or initials, or writing of any kind will be treated as defaced stamps and not recognized in payment of postage or postal charges.

As writing on postage Stamps and marking them with the pen has hitherto been allowed in practice the special attention of the public is requested to this change in procedure.

*Guarantees Against Embezzlement.*

### INDIAN GUARANTEE ASSOCIATION.

HEAD OFFICE, ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

Funds in Government Securities only
and remain in India.

THE Association provides Security for the Intromission and Fidelity of Persons in situations of Trust and Responsibility.

For Prospectuses and Proposal Forms apply to
R. PATERSON BROWN,
Secretary.

### NOTICE.

CAPTAIN G. H. FARRELL, M.R. C.V.S., (Lond.), Watson's Annexe, Bombay, will be glad to select Racers, Polo Ponies, Chargers, Hacks, Carriage Horses, etc., for Up-country or Local Purchasers. All animals will be thoroughly examined as to soundness before purchase. Captain Farrell has had the unique advantage of having examined over 60,000 Russian Cobs which were shipped to South Africa during the Boer War and moreover to have been associated for upwards of 15 years with the late Mr. Ali Abdoolah, who was recognised to be one of the best, if not the best judge in India of Arab Horses, and he feels sure that anyone entrusting him with a commission for the purchase of any class of animal will be well pleased with the result.

Captain FARRELL confines himself solely to Professional work and has no connection whatever with any commission stables nor does he do any dealing in horses.

VISITING CARDS, DIES, CRESTS Monograms, &c., &c., in elegant style and at the shortest notice. Engraving, Copper-Plate Planting and Lithographing orders. For rates apply to SUPERINTENDENT Bombay Gazette Steam Press.

## SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion, One Rupee. Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER,—Produces a polish like new on Jewellery, Silver Goods Plate and Clear Metals. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Trial Samples gratis on application. Per tin Annas 12, per dozen Rs. 8. We recommend it.—MARCKS and Co., Ltd., Bombay and Poona.

ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS:—We are now showing an excellent and choice selection of E.P. Ware, Cutlery, Crockery, Table and Bed Linens, Cretonnes, etc. Inspection invited. M. BRESLAUER & Co., Church Gate Street, Bombay.

SATISFACTION FOR 10 YEARS.—I have great pleasure to certify that Singer's Sewing Machine gave me every satisfaction for 10 years during which time they have been in use in my family.—GORDHUNDAS GOCULDAS TEJPAL, Malabar Hill, Bombay.

THE PATETI and NEW YEAR SPECIAL BARGAINS.—Come one! Come all!! Inspect our fresh consignment consisting of all kinds of Perfumery, Oilman's Stores, Teas, all kinds of Patent medicines, Eau-de-Cologne, Perfumed and medicated Soap, Jams, Jellies, etc, etc., at a specially reduced rate only during the auspicious season. All articles sold on a week's approval and hence customers will not have a bad bargain at Maneckjee Patel's, 70, Parsee Bazaar Street, Opposite Bengali's Girls' School, Bombay.

A BOON TO SUFFERING HUMANITY. SURGERY SUPERSEDED.—SURGERY not needed at all:—Thorough cures for Hydrocele, Hernia, Elephantasis, Piles, Fistula, with its horrible and maddening agonies, and all sorts of Rectum and Scrotum diseases, Fatty or windy body (reduction in such a body from 4 to 6 inches certain after 15 days' treatment) Rheumatism, Gout, Paralysis, Spermatorrhoea, Sterility, Diabetes, Dyspepsia, Nasal complaints, Leprosy and all sorts of malignant diseases are thoroughly cured by infallible and harmless vegetable medicines. Apply Dr. BALKRISHNA N. JOSHI, of Benares, Tardeo Bridge, near Tram Terminus, Motiwala's Chawl, Tardeo, Bombay.

WANTED:—A LOAN OF MONEY on the Best Security. Apply Box No. 1958. Advt., Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED FOREIGNERS, who want to learn English to talk and write. Hindustani also taught. Terms moderate. Attendance at home any time during day. Apply to Box "No. 1231. Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

WANTED by an EXPERIENCED GRADUATE Students going up for Matric, P. E. or B. A. Examinations to be coached up in English, Mathematics and general subjects. Special Class for select pupils. Apply to Box "No 1231 A Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, near Moos Buildings, Give it a trial and you will never regret your visit, Board and Residence, Rs. 2 and 3 per day. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Splendid Bars, Brand new Billiard Tables. Dinner Re. 1-4-0; Tiffin, Re 1-0-0; Breakfast As. 12. Dinners served till late hours.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL, Elphinstone Circle opposite the Town Hall. Further extensions and renovations. Rooms airy and commodious with bath rooms attached to each. Rates from Rs. 3-8-0 to Rs. 4-0-0 per day. Special arrangements for monthly boarders and families making a prolonged stay. Cuisine a speciality.—Apply to the MANAGER.

REPAIRS OF Re. 1-8 within 25 years. I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer's Sewing Machine, which I purchased 25 years ago, has required only Re. 1-8 for repairs, and it is still going strong of all parts. J. R. Gardener, 15, Forbes Street, Bombay.

TO PRINTERS.—FOR SALE a CROWN FOLIO TREADLE MACHINE (by Harrold of London in fairly good condition. For particulars apply to the SUPERINTENDENT" Bombay Gazette." Bombay.

SOMETHING NEW IN BOMBAY.—PORTRAIT PAINTING in oils on Photographic Basis as good as canvas. RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS have secured the services of a Special European Artist who is an expert in this class of painting, and has done plenty of work for the Royalty at Home. Terms nearly half the usual in this style. Please come and inspect a few samples & satisfy yourself.—RAJA DEEN DAYAL & SONS, Nippon Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co., East India Merchants and Agents, undertake all Agency business, 1, Trafalgar Building, Charing Cross, London.

GENUINE AMERICAN SNOW FLAKE OIL 150° sold and by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, at their Godowns, at Mazagon, and by Messrs. Kemp and Co., Ld., and Messrs. Philips and Co., Ld., at Rs. 6-0-2 per case, at Bombay; and by Mr. J. C. Bhut, at Rs. 6-1-2 per case, at Bandora.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorials, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets &c. &c., printed with neatness and promptitude and at lowest rates. Special terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager. "Bombay Gazette" Steam Press.

CHESTER BRAND HIGH GRADE of AMERICAN 125° Fire Test Oil, Imported by STANDARD OIL Co., of New York, sold at their Godowns Mazagon.

MESSRS. OLIVER & Co.—Only Respectable and Trustworthy Servants of all denominations supplied. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Domestic Servants. Patronized by the Officers of the Services. Army and Navy as well as the Leading Clubs and Hotels. Especially First Class Goanese and Mahomedan Servants, for whom we guarantee. Fee, Bombay, Rs. 2, and Mofussil Rs. 3 for each servant.—No. 4, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay. Established, 1878.

FORMS OF POWER OF ATTORNEY. Neatly printed. Price 8 Annas. Can be had at the Bombay Gazette" Office.

ELECTRO PLATING in Silver, Nickel, Gold, and Bronze, of finest finish and most durable quality, undertaken by THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC COMPANY, Electrical Engineers and Platers in ordinary to His Excellency the Governor of Bombay.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, PUBLISHED Weekly on the Departure of English Mail, 28 Pages of the "Pall Mall Budget" size, containing all the information of the previous week, carefully arranged. Army Orders, &c. Indian Subscription Rs. 12 per year, free of postage; English Subscription Rs. 15 per year including postage.

PAY NOTHING.—A Guide to Health, Wealth and Prosperity in English p. p. 100 Gratis. Post free on application to Vaidya Shastri MANISHANKER GOVINDJI, Atank Nigrah Pharmacy, Jamnagar Kathiawar.

FOR SALE.—A TIBETAN-ENGLISH DICTIONARY, with Sanskrit Synonyms, by Sarat Chandra Das, Rai Bahadur, C.I.E. Revised and Edited under the orders of the Government of Bengal by Graham Sandberg, B. A., and A. William Heyde. Apply "Q," care of "Bombay Gazette."

FOR SALE.—OLD MAGAZINES, of various dates, Macmillan's, The National Reviews Calcutta Review &c., &c. Apply "O. O." care of "Bombay Gazette."

BACK NUMBERS of THE BOMBAY GAZETTE Daily, the Weekly, and the Weekly Mail addition, when available, are supplied on the following terms:—Seven days from date of issue, 4 annas to 30 days from date of issue, 8 annas; 30 days to one year, 1 rupee; and of older dates than one year from Rs. 2 per copy according to numbers available. Reference charge one Rupee.

### THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

## SALES BY AUCTION

### BENNETT AND COMPANY,

No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 16th instant, at 3 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT, and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, &c.

The property of a Gentleman—

One pair binoculars by Stewart, London, in black sling leather case with luminous compass on lid, one pair thick English double blankets, good as new, three pairs cotton English bed sheets, one civilian dress sword with belt and frog etc.

AT 1-30 P. M.

1 handsome strong palanquin office shigram in very good order.
1 handsome strong second hand victoria, in very good order.
1 handsome strong glass fronted miniature brougham in very good order.
1 grey Arab quiet in harness and saddle.
1 bay pony quiet in harness.
1 Perfectly new plain flap hunting saddle cob or pony size by Dunnett, complete with khaki, coloured girths leathers irons and felt mundah and one perfectly new double bridle complete with bits, curb, chain and reins by Dunnett.

BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, 15th September, 1905.

### CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,

NO. 7, MARINE STREET.

BONA FIDE SALE.

SALE OF A LARGE AND CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF ENGLISH GOLD JEWELLERY, WATCHES AND SILVERWARE GOOD FOR PRESENTATION.

Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 15th inst., at 2 p.m., by order of the concerned, a choice lot of English gold jewellery, consisting of signet, wedding and masonic rings and other rings of various patterns, set with rubies and other stones, gold pins and medals in cases, ear-rings and brooches set with pearls and rubies, bangles, studs and links in cases, necklaces, lockets, seals, charms, swivels, silver calendars, thimbles, muff chains, cigar cases charms, clocks striking hours and half hours gold and silver openfaced and hunting keyless watches, and other miscellaneous articles good for presentation.

The property of another gentleman—

1 gold open faced watch by James McCabe with gold chain and key.
1 lady's keyless gold hunting watch by C. Marcks & Co.
1 gold gypsy ring set with diamonds and ruby.
The above is on view.

SALE BY AUCTION.

Valuable immovable property situate at Doongersi Road, Malabar Hill, known as the "Cozy Corner" formerly the property of Mr. H. N. Vakeel and purchased from him by Nawab Syed Sirdar Alikhan consisting of a block of building and outhouses, a garden covering an area of 6922 square yards or thereabouts. The above property will be sold under orders of the said owner and with the consent of Mr. Hormasjee N. Vakeel by auction by Messrs. Crawford and, Co. at Cozy Corner, Malabar Hill THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 15th September, 1905, at 3 o'clock subject to a reserved price.

Particulars and Conditions of sale are ready and can be obtained from the auctioneers or from Messrs. Nanu, Hormasjee and Co., the Vendor's attorneys at their office No. 89 Meadow Street, Fort, from whom orders for inspection can also be obtained.

On SUNDAY, the 17th instant, at 1 p.m, Messrs CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 451 Walkeshwar Road, opposite Sobagh Mahel in the bungalow of Mr. Chatoorboo Hemraj, the very valuable and handsome French-polished black and teakwood new designed household furniture made to order by Benjamin Devji Kanjee and others, such as drawing-room suits lined rich silk tapestry, chiffoniers, cabinets, sideboards easy chairs, marble-top dressing and wash-hand tables, almyras, zoonda cupboards, one sweet toned square piano by Harold & Co., one large musical box playing Hindi tunes, Edison's home phonograph, office furniture, majolica, Caina and Dresden ornaments, rich oleographs bronze table lamps, real velvet piled carpets and rugs, teak and blackwood and brass double bedsteads, one large screen with side mirrors and drawers by Benjamin, marble table and wall clocks, fancy door curtains, one English rubber-tyred victoria by Fulker, London, in excellent order and one grey mare, one clock by James McCabe London striking every quarter hour and showing dates, the property of a deceased gentleman.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 18th inst. at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

Furniture, such as cushioned sofas and chairs, tables dressing, wash-hand and writing tables, cupboards, almyrah, meatsafe, bedstead, double door iron safe, etc.

By order of the Administrator-General, the effects of the late Mr. Anthony Philip D'Mello, consisting of gold jewellery such as head, neck and ear ornaments set with pearls red and blue stones, silver anklets, pair of gold bangles, neck chain, wooden box, etc.

AT 2 P. M.

Several gents' bicycles by different makers.
1 rubber-tyred light victoria.
1 french-polished office shigram.
1 glass-fronted double-seated brougham.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT MINT ROAD OR MODY BUNDER ROAD, FORT,

High Court
O. O. C. J.
Suit No, 272 of 1902.

Mahomed Ebrahim Hainladay and others ....... Plaintiffs,
VS.
Abdul Latiff Jitaker and others ..................... Defendants.

Pursuant to the Consent decree made in the above suit and bearing date the 14th day of November, 1902, the following immoveable property will be sold by public auction by the undersigned by order of R. D. Sethna Esq. the Special Commissioner herein appointed on the premises on Friday the 22nd day of September, 1905, at the hour of 4 o'clock in the afternoon,

Particulars

All that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate lying and being on the east side of Mint Road or Mody Bunder Street, within the Fort of Bombay, in the registeration sub district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 170 square yards and 5-9 of another square yard or thereabouts and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under old Nos. 735, 736, and 736, New No 5951, old Survey No. 1003 and New Survey No. 8539 and the said messuage and premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal rates and taxes under Ward No. 1938 and Street Nos. 92, 94 161 and 165, (and bounded on the East by the Mint Road aforesaid, on the west by the Mody Street, on the north by the House of Thucker Ramji Chatur and on the south by the house of Thucker Parshotum Ratansi) and are now in the occupation of the tenants of the parties to the above suit.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application should be made at the Office of the Special Commissioner in the High Court House or at the office of his Attorneys, Messrs Edgelow, Gulabchand Wadia and Co., at No. 57, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay.

CRAWFORD & CO.
Bombay, 15th September, 1905.

### Youth & Vigour

TO ALL

### MEN.

EVERYONE who is suffering should write for this **Prescription**. No matter how weak and debilitated you are, nor of how long standing your disease may be; you should seize this opportunity of being cured. It matters not how your disease has been acquired, nor how many medicines or treatments you have tried without obtaining a cure; **I guarantee** a restoration to **Health, Strength**, and **Vigour** by the use of my Prescription. This Prescription has obtained a world-wide fame, and has cured many thousands of sufferers from these most distressing and weakening maladies. It renews Manhood and gives Health, Strength, and Vigour to the Weak. Stops all drains and losses. It cures Nervous Debility in every form, Lost Manhood, Youthful Imprudence, Loss of Energy, Loss of Vital Power, Seminal Weakness, Dimness of Sight, Impotence, Despondency, Melancholy, Evil Forebodings, Wasting Decay, Pains in the Loins, Pimples and Eruptions on the Face and Body, Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Frightful Dreams, Emaciation, Fœtid Breath, Brain Fag, Nervousness, Low Spirits, Timidity, Varicocele, Spermatorrhœa, Diseases of the Bladder, Weakness of the Genital Organs, and all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, &c., &c. Write to-day, and take advantage of the cure offered to you. It will cost you nothing, and will make your life bright and happy. Send stamped addressed envelope to **Rev. Joseph Hope, St. Cloud, Worthing, England.** (Name this Paper).

### WM. HUTCHINSON & Co.,

BANKERS, MERCHANTS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS.
TRAFALGAR BUILDINGS.
NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE
CHARING CROSS. LONDON. W. C.
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS, PUBLICATE LONDON.
A. B. C. CODE USED.

CONSIGNMENTS of PRODUCE received and disposed.

INDENTS executed with care and promptitude.

PASSAGES booked by a line of Steamers.

ALL AGENCY BUSINESS undertaken.

The representatives of WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., on RECEIPT of INTIMATION from Steamers from the East of their arrival at Plymouth, Gravesend, or at the Docks, to take instruction as clearing and Forwarding Baggage, &c.

## WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

### CLUB BLEND WHISKY.

A FIRST CLASS BRAND AT A MODERATE PRICE,
WELL WORTH A TRIAL

Of all dealers, or of
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co. LD., BOMBAY,
SOLE AGENTS.

## BANKS.

### THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

| | |
|---|---|
| AUTHORISED CAPITAL | £1,500,000 |
| SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL | £1,125,000 |
| PAID UP CAPITAL | £562,500 |
| RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS | £562,500 |
| RESERVE FUNDS | £110,000 |

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.
LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KURRACHEE, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 10,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH,
Manager.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

### INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

FISCAL AGENTS FOR THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA IN CHINA AND THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

| | |
|---|---|
| Capital paid up | Gold $3,250,000; 00 |
| Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits | Gold $3,288,424; 51 |

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, Bishopgate Str. Within, E.C.

BRANCHES.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bombay. | Manila. | Singapore. |
| Calcutta. | City of Mexico. | San Francisco. |
| Hongkong. | Shangai. | Washington, D. C |
| Kobe. | Yokohama. | Canton. |

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, and FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months or shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

F. H. SUTTON,
Manager.
BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/48, Church Gate Street.

### ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

| | |
|---|---|
| CAPITAL (paid up) | Rs. 15,00,000 |
| RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper) | Rs. 20,00,000 |

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.
BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS:

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rate which can be ascertained on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Agent.
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay.

### NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

| | |
|---|---|
| SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL | £1,200,000 |
| PAID-UP CAPITAL | £600,000 |
| RESERVE FUND | £500,000 |

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET WITHIN LONDON, E.C
BRANCHES:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Calcutta, | Delhi, | Cawnpore, | Tuticorin. |
| Lahore, | Bombay, | Colombo, | Zanzibar. |
| Amritsar, | Madras. | Mandalay, | Mombassa. |
| Kurrachee, | Rangoon, | Newera Eliya, | Nairobi. |
| Steamer Point, | Aden, | Kandy, | Chittagong. |

FIXED DEPOSITS.

The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 100,000, but no Interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receives same for safe custody realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

HARRY S. JOHNSTON,
Acting Manager.

### THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.,

| | |
|---|---|
| SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL | Yen 24,000,000 |
| PAID-UP CAPITAL | " 18,000,000 |
| ORDINARY RESERVE FUND | " 9,940,000 |
| SPECIAL RESERVE FOR SILVER FUNDS | " 800,000 |

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| London. | Shanghai. | Port Arthur. | Osaka. |
| Lyons. | Hongkong. | Mukden. | Tokyo. |
| New York. | Tientsin | Tairen. | Nagasaki. |
| San Francisco. | Peking. | Chefoo. | Bombay. |
| Honolulu. | Newchang. | Kobe. | |

LONDON BANKERS.

The Bank of England: The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld.; The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH.

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNTS, FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA,
Manager.
Albert Buildings, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

## BANKS.

### CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.

CORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

| | |
|---|---|
| CAPITAL | £800,000 |
| RESERVE FUND | £875,000 |
| RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS | £800,000 |

HEAD OFFICE:
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET
LONDON.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Hamburg | Ipoh (Perak) | Hongkong |
| Bombay | Singapore | Foochow |
| Calcutta | Kwala Lumpor | Saigon |
| Madras | Bangkok | Shanghai |
| Rangoon | Batavia | Tientsin |
| Colombo | Sourabaya | Hankow |
| Penang | Manila | Yokohama |
| Thaiping | Cebu (Phillipines) | Kobe |
| Medan, Deli (Sumatra) | | New York |

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches and also on the principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE, issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT accounts are opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. PER ANNUM on the minimum Monthly Balance up to Rs. 100,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum does not amount to Rs. 10 half-yearly.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS and SHARES bought and sold on account of clients and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.

GEORGE MILLER,
Acting Agent.
Esplanade Road, Bombay.

### HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

| | |
|---|---|
| Paid up Capital | $ 100,00,000 |
| Sterling Reserve Fund | $ 100,00,000 |
| Silver Reserve Fund | $ 8,500,000 |
| Reserve Liability of Proprietors | $ 100,00,000 |

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG:

J. R. M. SMITH, Chief Manager.
London Bankers,—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY LD.,

LONDON COMMITTEE.

SIR THOS. JACKSON, BART., Chairman.
CARL MEYER, Esq., (Director, National Bank Egypt).
Wm. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq., (Director, Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.)
JOHN WALTER, Esq.,
A. M. TOWNSEND, } Managers,
C. S. ADDIS Esqr. }

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| AMOY. | HANKOW. | PENANG. |
| BANGKOK. | KOBE. | RANGOON |
| BATAVIA. | ILOILO. | SAIGON. |
| BOMBAY. | LYONS. | SAN FRANCISCO. |
| CALCUTTA. | MANILA. | SINGAPORE |
| COLOMBO. | NAGASAKI. | SOURABAYA. |
| FOOCHOW. | NEW YORK. | TIENTSIN. |
| HAMBURG. | PEKING. | YOKOHAMA. |

BOMBAY AGENCY.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 1 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Credits granted on approved Securities and every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted.

Drafts granted on London and the chief commercial place in Europe, India, Australia, America China and Japan.

J. A. JEFFREY, Acting Agent.
7, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

### PANDIT D. GOPALACHARY'S AYURVEDIC PLAGUE REMEDIES

A POSITIVE cure for all sorts of Plague Fevers and Buboes.

Haimadipanakam, mixture for all kinds of Plague Fever, in 2 sizes, Price Re. 1 and 10 Ans.

Satadhouta Ghritam, to be rubbed over the Plague Bubo, in 2 sizes, Price As. 12 and 8.

Testimonials.

The Under-Secretary to the Government of Mysore, Mr. Anantaswamy Rao, says: "I found the mixture miraculously efficacious."

The Dt. Forest Officer, Gordon Hadfield Esq., Ooty, says: "Out of 40 plague cases I treated, 37 got all right. These medicines were most excellent and efficacious.'

Robert Bake, Esq, Kullakamby, writes on 13-6-04: "............The ointment has the effect of dissolving the bubo, which is a great boon where medical aid is not procurable......."

Numerous other testimonials.

All other Ayurvedic medicines always in stock. Catalogue of medicines post free on application.

Pandit D. Gopalacharlu, Ayurvedic Doctor and Senior Physician, S. K. P. D., Hospital; Professor, S. K. P. D., Ayurvedic College, Madras; and Examiner, Mysore Ayurveda Vidvat Examinations.

THE MADRAS.
AYURVEDIC LABORATORY,
58, Govindappa Naick Street, Madras.

### NEWSPAPER SUPPLY AGENCY,

HORNBY ROAD
THIS AGENCY SUPPLIES
THE
BOMBAY DAILY PAPERS
FOR PERUSAL IN THE
MORNING AND NOON
AT MODERATE MONTHLY SUBSCRIPTION.
ALSO
HOME-PAPERS AND MAGAZINES,
Mofussil Residents are also supplied with Papers
FOR TERMS APPLY TO
VINCENT AND COMPANY.

## FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

Daily or thrice a week.—First Three Insertions Four Annas per line (Rs. 2 per inch); Fourth and onward Two Annas (Re. 1 per inch); Twice or Once a week: First Three Insertions Four Annas per line (Rs. 3 per inch); Fourth and onward Three Annas per line (Re. 1-8 per inch). Minimum Charges Rs. 2.

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A LARGE VACANT PIECE of valuable hilly ground at Tardeo suitable for building Chawls or Buffalo Sheds lying on the West of and close upon the Oriental Mills and bounded on the East by the property of Mr. Karrimbhoy Allibhoy. It measures 5,550 Square Yards in area and bears Collector's New Survey No. 7074. For Plans and Particular's apply to

JEHANGHIR M. BILLIMORIA, M. S. A.,
Architect, No 1 Dalal Street, Fort.

### SELLING OFF!! SELLING OFF!!

J. NEUBERG'S Entire Stock of Cigars. Cigarettes, Smokers' Requisites, Bentwood Furniture, Photographic Materials, Stoves, Fishing Tackle, etc.

No reasonable Offer refused.

31, RAMPART ROW,
Bombay.

HAVE you ever TRIED us? NO.
Well call over at once
A 1 Boots and shoes made to order at very moderate prices.
JOSEPH IVAN & Co., Professional Shoemakers, from the celebrated Andreas Neider of Vienna, 13, Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

### PRATT'S MOTOR-CAR SPIRIT.

### DEODORISED NAPTHA OR GASOLINE.

BEST for Motor-Cars, Bicycles, and Tricycles; also for Naptha Lamps.

Owners of Motor-Cars, &c., should insist on getting this and no other. Can be obtained from all leading dealers in Motor-Cars. Imported by

STANDARD OIL Co. of New York,
31, Hornby Road, Bombay.

### R. SCOTT & Co. M.R.C.V.S.,

VETERINARY AND COMMISSION STABLES AND COACH BUILDERS,
GIRGAUM AND GOWALIA TANK ROAD.
Oldest Established Firm in Bombay.

CHARGERS, Polo Ponies, Hacks and carriage Horses selected with the greatest care for Local and Up-country Constituents.

HORSES shod on the most approved principles with Shoes made on the premises of specially imported iron, under the immediate supervision of a first class ENGLISH FARRIER.

ARABS and C.-BREDS broken to Single (Rs. 15) and Double Harness (Rs. 30), and Saddle (Rs. 15) Walers broken to Single Harness or Saddle (Rs. 25) Double Harness (Rs. 50.) Troublesome horses charged extra.

HORSES standing at Livery on Commission Sale or for treatment, Rs. 35 per mensem including Syce. Stable rent charged on all horses, fed by owners, at Rs. 5 per mensem, Commission on horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Examination and Certificate Rs. 10. Verbal opinion as to Soundness, Rs. 5.

CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5 per cwt, delivered free in Bombay, Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley New Zealand Oats, Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.

ESTIMATES given, and Carriages of every description built of the very best materials, under personal supervision, by skilled workmen.

REPAIRS neatly executed with promptitude and despatch. Rubber tyres of finest quality only supplied. Carriages by greased contract. Satisfaction guaranteed. Correspondence invited.

### TO SMOKERS.

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW.
GOREY'S
PLANTERS,
CHEROOTS OF LATEST BRANDS!
THESE CHEROOTS ARE MILD, FRAGRANT AND PLEASANT, TO THE SMOKER.
ALSO
BEST GERMAN HAVANA
From Rs. 2, 2-8, 3, 3-8,
Per Box of 50.
UP COUNTRY ORDERS PER V. P. P.

Please Send Soon Your trial order
TO
E. E. GOREY & CO.,
NAVAL OUTFITTERS AND CIGAR MERCHANTS,
OPPOSITE TO MESSRS. SOUNDY & CO.,
21, HUMMUM STREET,
FORT, BOMBAY.

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| Per Annum | Rs. 48 | Per Annum | Rs. [illegible] |
| Half-yearly | " 25 | Half-yearly | " [illegible] |
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| Half-yearly | " [illegible] | Half-yearly | " 33 |
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Ten Lines and under—
First insertion ..................... Rs. [illegible]
Second do. ..................... " [illegible]
Third do. ..................... " [illegible]
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All advertisements are charged according to the space occupied, Nonpareil, or smallest type, 12 lines of which make an inch.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matters as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations Wanted or Servants required, Houses or Lodgings, or change of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale of Advertisements belonging to any of these classes is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines ..................... Rs. 1-0
Each succeeding line ..................... " [illegible]

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than one Rupee and payment must in all cases be made in Cash.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES:—EACH—TWO RUPEES

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion ..................... As. [illegible] per line
Second do ..................... " [illegible]
Third do ..................... " [illegible]
In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for considerable time, special contracts may be made.

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EVERY MAN WOMAN AND CHILD
WHO SUFFER FROM
RHEUMATISM
SHOULD USE
ST. LUKE'S MIRACULOUS EMBROCATION.
IT ACTS LIKE MAGIC
Price Re. 1.
SOLD BY
BEYNON & CO.,
CHEMISTS,
BOMBAY.

PRINCE OF WALES HOTEL.
ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
Opposite the Town Hall.
Further extensions and renovations.
Rooms airy and commodious
with Bath-rooms attached to each,
Rates from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 4-0 per day.
Special arrangements for monthly Boarders and Families making a prolonged stay.
Cuisine a Speciality.
Apply to the MANAGER.

## SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Crusadoo, 2,744 tons, Captain F Brown arrived in harbour to-day from Colombo, 9th September, in ballast,

THE steamer Courtfield, 2,874 tons, Captain J W Martin, arrived in harbour to-day from Hongkong 27th August in ballast.

THE steamer Polamhall, 2,506 tons, Captain E Mahn, arrived in harbour to-day from Marmugoa, 13th September with a general cargo.

THE Florio Rubattino S N Co's steamer R. Rubattino, 3,044 tons, Captain M Saporite, will sail to-day for Genoa, with a general cargo and passenger.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Putiala, 1,9 9 tons, Captain H J Willsher, will sail to-day for Zanzibar via Mombasa, &c, with a general cargo, six cabin and 85 deck passengers-

THE B I S N Co's steamer Lhasa 911 tons, Captain H Mc, Diarmed, arrived in harbour to-day from Karachi 11th September, via Kathiawar coast ports with a general cargo and 6 cabin and 580 deck passengers.

### ARRIVALS.

| Sept. | Vessel. | Commander. | From |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | Crusador s | Brown | Colombo, Sept 9 |
| | Courtfield s | Martin | Hongkong, Aug 27 |
| | Polamhall s | Mahn | Marmugoa, Sept 13 |
| | Lhasa s | McDiarmed | Karachee, Sept 11 |

### DEPARTURES.

| Sept. | Vessel. | Commander. | Destination. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 14 | Manor s | Smith | Bunbury |
| | Baron Eldon | Carlstrom | Rangoon |

The following vessels obtained their port clearances yesterday:—
Steamer R Rubattino, Saporite for Genoa.
" Putiala, Willsher for Zanzibar

The steamer Courtfield entered for loading yesterday for China and Japan.

### REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

ADEN, SEPTEMBER 14.

The P and C Company's s s Peninsular with the homeward Mails of the 9th instant arrived here at noon to-day.

SUEZ SEPTEMBER 14.

The P and O Company s s Mongolia with the outward Mails of the 8th instant left here at 7 a m to-day.

The homeward bound Messageries Maritimes Co s s Nera from Bombay arrived at Aden on Wednetday the 13th Inst, at 4 a. m.

## DAILY EXPORTS.—SEPT. 14.

FOR LONDON.

Caledonia s—3000 cwt cottonseed Ralli Bros; 4 baskets dry ginger 5 bags dry Mangoes 10 cases dryfish and 30 cases ghee F R Hill and Co,

FOR MARY PORT.

Serbistan s—4000 tons Manganese ore R A Willis.

## HIGH COURT.—September 12.

Before the Hon the Chief Jutice and the Hon'ble Mr Justice BATTY.

Motion.

4-98—Thakurdas and Co—N C Macleod vs H B M's Counsul General at Zanzibar

255-93—Little and Co—Salley Mahomed Jaffer and others vs Lady Janbai and others—Mulji and D

187-98—Payne and Co—Kaleumbai vs Salley Mahomed Jaffer and others—Maganlal J and G

Appeals for hearing and final disposal.

1101—Smetham B and N—Devidas Naranbhat vs Ambalal Pranjiwandas and othes—Wadia G ahd Co and N and T—Part heard

1167—Sorabjee add J—Morarjee Mohanjee vs Rustomjee Ardeshir Cooper—Mulla and M

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B TYEBJEE.
Suits for hearing and final disposal.
Long Causes

843-01—Thakurdas and Co—Velji Soonderji and Co vs Sarabhai Vajeshanker and others—Bhaishunker K and G

611-03—Madhavji and K—Vithuldas Damodhar and another vs Rupcooverbai widow and others—Bhaishanker K and G—Part heard.

403-05—Cragie L and O—The Bombay Ice Manufacturing Co Limited vs Dhunjibhoy Pestenji—Arder H D and Co

389-05—Ardeser H D and Co—Cowasji Bomanji Boman Behram vs Cassum Goolam Hoosein—Maganlal J and G

468-01—Nadirshah and T—Shivshanker Gopalji vs Vithuldas Sunderdas and another—Wadia G and Co

828-04—Payne and Co—Haji Goolam Mahomed Azam vs K Baservaddy—D D and Sunderdas

151-03—Payne and Co—Kik Khooshal and anr vs Rustomji Ardeser Cooper Mulla and M

561-03—Matubhoy J and M—Parikh Bhogilal Purshotamdas vs Chunilal Umadbhai and others—Daphtary and F

564-21841-01—M B Chothia Jeram Bhana and another vs Bapuji Dossabhoy Patell—Crawford B and Co

862-04—In person Kooverbai widow vs Kooverji Doongersey Thucker Madan and K

370-04—Matubhoy J and M—Laloo Kishoredas vs Suraji Karsonji and others—Tyabji D and Co.

28-05—K J Billimoria Damoder Keroba Dadarkar vs Bhowani Shunker Balkrishna Dadarkar and others—Unwalla and P.

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice CHANDAVARKAR.
Suits for hearing and final disposal,
Long Causes.

796-01—Mulla and M—Hunsraj Valjee vs Narsilal Ambaram—Sorabjee and J

836-04—Nanu H and Co—Raghunathjee Mulchand vs Varjivandas Madhavji and another—Bicknel M and R

333-05—Dikshit D and S—Laiji Ramji vs Haridas Gokuldas and others—M B Chothia.

404-04—M B Chothia Laxmidas Gordhundas and others vs The Administrator General of Bombay and others—Dikshit D and S.

355-05—Matubhoy J and M—Damji Hirji vs Rutton widow—Captain and V

275-8789—Tyabji D and P—Hurgawandas Hathidas vs Bhawoo and others—Chitnis and M

318-10319-05—Dikshit D and S —John Michael Simon Adamji Peerbhoy and others—Bicknell M and R

369-05—Matubhoy J and N—Shamsudin Hyderji vs Isabh a Shaik Tyeb Thanawalla—Little and Co

97-03—Tyabjee D and Co—Damoderdas Vundravandas vs Dharamdas Jamnadas and others—Wadia G and Co and Pestonjee R and K,

250-02—Dikshit D and S—Kanjee Bhanjee vs Devram Keshavjee In—Person

409-01—Ardeser H D and C—Kharshedjee Byramjee vs Ardeser Jeevanjee and another

753-01—Nadirsha and T—For panser Bhanibai widow vs Viljee Khoda and others—K B Mehta

Before the Hon. Mr. Justice BATCHELOR.
Testamentary Suit.

21-01—Little and Co—Bai Dahibai widow vs Soonderji Damji—Kanga and P—Part heard

Long causes for further directions and costs on Commissioner's Report.

351-01—Bhaishunker K and G—Kunnapuram Sheshdri Dorashwami Iyer vs Chumbumpund Akilandaya

60-00—Thakurdas and Co—Dewkanahoo vs Hiravahoo widow and others—Little and Co Thak and Co,

Long Causes.

505-05—Bicknell M and R—Abdul Hoosein Abdool Tyeb and another vs Dawoodbhoy Mahomedally and another—Mulla and M

270-05—Ardeser H D and Co—Chotalal Molchand and another vs Maishanker Harinand Bhot—Dikshet D and S

305-05—M B Chothia—Hormusji Dadabhoy Mehta vs Hormasji Palonji Dollmeherji—Pestonjee R and K

319-05—Pestonji B and K—Bhawoo Bapoo and another vs Cooverji Jamsetji Daruvalla and another—Ardesir, H D and Co

## COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, SEPT. 13.

SECURITIES—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 2 3-4 per cent. Consols | £89 1-8 | = − 3 16 |
| 3 do. Rentes | £100 1-4 | = unchanged |
| 3 1-2 do. Indian Sterling Loan | £104 3-4 | = −1-4 |
| 3 1-2 per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper | £66 9/16 | = unchanged |

SILVER—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Spot in London | 28 11-16 | = + 1-16 |
| 2 months hence | 28 1 8 | = − 1/16 |
| Spot in New York | 62 | = unchanged |

EXCHANGES—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Paris cheques | 25·17 | = do |
| Berlin " | 20·44 1/4 | = + 1-2 |
| New York Demand | 4·85 | = unchanged |

DISCOUNTS—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Bank of England | 3 per cent | = do |
| 3 months sight Bank Bills | 2 7-8 per cent | = + 1-8 |
| 6 " " " | 3 1/8 per cent | = + 1-8 |
| 3 " " Fine Trade Bills | 3 1-8 per cent | = + 1-4 |
| 6 months sight Fine Trade Bills | 3 5-8 per cent | = + 1-4 |

INTEREST—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Day to day loans | 1 1-8 per cent | = unchanged |
| 7 day market loans | 1 1-2 per cent | = do |

At the Periodical biddings for Council Bills for Rs. 80,00,000

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Rs. 51·80 | were allotted to | Calcutta |
| Rs. 10·20 | do | Bombay |
| Rs. 8·60 | do | Madras |

Rs. 70·60 at 1s 4 1/32d.
Minimum rate received 11 per cent, average rate 16·03
Telegraphic Transfers—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Rs. 5·00 | were allotted to | Calcutta. |
| Rs. 4·40 | do | Bombay |
| Rs. nil | do | Madras |

Rs. 940 at 1s, 4 1/16d.
Minimum rate received 11 per cent. average rate 16·76
Total amount sold during the week Rs. 81,30,000
Amount to be allotted next week Rs. 80,00,000

SUGAR—
German granulated 1st marks 11 A-S sellers dull
RAPESEED—
Brown 35 1 4 S/O buyers firm
LINSEED—
Linseed Bold 38 1-8 S-O done firm
COFFEE—
Coffee in New York, 8 11-16

TALLOW.

| | |
|---|---|
| Finest Australian Beef | 32-3 |
| " " Mutton | 31 |

Tone of Auction dull.

In Liverpool—Cotton Market closed quiet. East Indian dull. Manchester quiet. Total Sales 7,000. Spot 5·51 plus 8. Egyptian F. G. F. Brown 7 15-16, Sold on speculation and for Export 1,000. Imports 8,000. Futures closed steady.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Sept.-Oct. | Oct.-Nov. | Nov.-Dec |
| 5·49 | 5·52 | 5·55 |
| +4 | +4 | +4 |
| Dec.-Jan. | Jan.-Feb. | Feb.-Mar. |
| 5·58 | 5·60 | 5·62 |
| +4 | +4 | +4 |
| Mar.-Apl. | Apl.-May | May-June |
| 5·64 | 5.66 | 5·67 |
| +4 | +4 | +4 |

| | |
|---|---|
| Receipts at U S Ports | 23,000 |
| Do last year | 27,000 |
| Exports to Great Britain | mutilated |
| Do. do Continent | 3,000 |

IN NEW YORK—

| | |
|---|---|
| Spot | 10·80 + 15 |
| Futures, month of Dec | 10·43 + 10 } a |
| Do do. Mar. | 10·56 + 11 } a |

a Advanced owing to support by new Orleans bull party and to bull support and short covering.

IN NEW ORLEANS—

| | |
|---|---|
| Spot | 10 1-16 |
| Futures, month of Dec | 10·33 + 6 |
| Do. do. Mar | 10·53 + 6 |
| Tone at close | stead |

All Liverpool quotations for East Indian cotton are reduced by 1-16d.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay for the 24 hours, ending at 6 p.m. on Wednesday, 13th Sept. 1905 :—

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Cotton | 475 | bales. |
| Wheat | 7,460 | owts. |
| Linseed | 1,205 | do |
| Rape, Rai and Mustard | 153 | do |
| Gingellyseed | 2 | do |
| Poppyseed | 24 | do |
| Groundnuts | 124 | do |
| Castorseed | 3,798 | do |
| Rice | 45,152 | do |
| Myrabollams | nil | |
| Cottonseed | 1,742 | do |
| Mowraseed | 1,179 | do |
| Gram | 275 | do |
| Joowar | 30,236 | do |
| Maize | nil | |

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone—quiet

| | |
|---|---|
| Estimated sales | 7000 bales |
| Imports | 8000 |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Sept.-Oct | Oct.-Nov, | Nov. Dec, |
| 5·47 | 5·50 | 5·53 |
| —5 | —5 | —5 |
| Dec.-Jan. | Jan.-Feb. | Feb.-Mar. |
| 5·56 | 5·58 | 5·60 |
| —5 | —5 | —5 |
| Mar.-April | April-May | May-June. |
| 5 62 | 5·64 | 5·65 |
| —5 | —5 | —5 |

All markets closed in Bombay.

## THE WEATHER.

### THE WEATHER AT SEA.

The steamer Courtfield, Captain I. W. Martin, which arrived in Bombay harbour yesterday from Honkong reports having experienced moderate to light S. W. Wind and heavy westerley, swell, and occasional rain showers. The steamer Polamhall, Captain E. Mahn, which reached here yesterday from Marmugoa, met with variable light winds and calm with rain squalls and moderate westerly swell. The steamer Crusador, Captain F. Brown, which arrived here yesterday from Colombo had light westerly swell and heavy rain.

### TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 14TH SEPTEMBER.

Amritsar—Looks like clearing up. Cotton plants want fine weather. Food-grains doing well.

Cotton plants continue to show more improvement. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Mooltan—Cloudy, but no rain. Looks like clearing up. More rain wanted generally. Present weather may improve cotton yields slightly. Outstanding crops benefiting by fine weather. Food-grains doing well.

Delhi.—Looks like clearing up. Rain general over district. Rabi crop prospects generally good.

Agra.—Cloudy, but no rain Cotton plants showing bolls.

Cawnpore.—Bright, no sign of rain, All crops doing well.

Beawar.—Looks like rain. Sufficient rain fallen generally. All crops doing well.

Amraoti.—Showery. Cotton plants flourishing.

Khamgaon.—Has every appearance of a continued fall. Break needed generally. Cotton plants in flower. Food-grains doing well.

Dhulia.—Showery, Break needed generally. Cotton plants flourishing. All crops doing well.

Jalgaon.—Heavy continuous rain. Rain general over district. Cotton plants flourishing. Food-grains and all crops doing well.

Broach.—Cloudy and sunny. Sufficient rain fallen generally in all districts. Cotton plants flourishing, Food-grains doing well. Crop prospects generally good.

Wadhwan.—Cloudy, but no rain. Seasonable. Cotton plants flourishing. Food-grains doing well. Crop prospects generally good.

Dholera.—Cloudy but no rain. Cotton plants flourishing.

Bhavnagar.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally. Cotton plants want more rain. Absence of rain causes anxiety.

Barsi.—Rain generally over district. More rain wanted generally. Continues cloudy. Cotton prospects generally good.

Sholapur.—Bright, no sign of rain. Rain much needed generally.

Hubli.—Cloudy, but no rain. Looks like rain. Rain much needed generally. Absence of rain causes anxiety.

Bellary.—Continues cloudy. Cotton sowing making good progress. Food-grains doing well.

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M. ON THURSDAY THE 14TH SEPT.

### SUMMARY.

Pressure changes show a brisk fall at Lahore, Cawnpore, Allahabad, Raipur and Nagpur and a slight rise or fall elsewhere. It is below normal to the north of latitude 20°. An area of abnormally high pressure still lies over the greater port of the Madras Presidency and off the Coromandel Coast.

Winds are north-easterly to south-easterly at Colombo, Cochin, Mormugao and Ratnagiri and south-westerly to north-westerly elsewhere. The force has been fresh to strong in Lower Sind, Cutch and at Sholapore.

Temperature.—The greatest variations are :—Maximum 5° to 15° in defect of normal at Lahore, Sirsa, Hoshangabad and Amraoti and 6° in excess at Sholapur and Cuddapah. The highest temperature in the shade was 101° at Jacobabad and the lowest 65o at Bangalore.

Cloud and Humidity.—The sky is cloudy to overcast in all districts except in Sind, the greater part of Gujarat, Rajputana and the United Provinces where it shows a tendency to clear.

Rain.—Twenty-seven stations report rain to-day the chief falls being 3·28" at Khandwa, 2·30" at Colombo, between one and two inches at Aurangabad. Akola. Nagpur, Hoshangabad and Indore, and nearly an inch at Saugor, Amraoti and Bombay,

Weather.—The Bay current appears to show some signs of strengthening and the sudden shift of wind with moderate heavy rain at Colombo indicates equally unsettled weather to the south-wards or south-south-westwards of Colombo. Rain is likely in Ceylon, on the West Coast, over the Deccan and also in Berar and the Central Provinces, Local scattered showers are likely in the Madras Presidency, the Punjab and United Provinces and probably in Central India.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

## DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM Notice (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Rs. 2 for six lines or less and 8 as for every additional lines. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTH.

BAILEY.—September, 6 at Nathia Gali, the wife of Major C, Bailey, 16th Cavalry, of a daughter.

HALE.—September 9, a 11 Theatre Road Calcutta, the wife of Mart E. Seymour Hale, of a son.

HUNTER.—September 5, at Rai Bareli the wife of Captain T Hunter, I M S, Civil Surgeon, of a son.

MEHTA.—September 7, at 65 Canning Calcutta the wife of M R Mehta, Bar-at-Law, of a son

ROSS.—September 12, at McNicol's Road, Chetput, Madras the wife of E R Ross, of a son.

SHEPHARD.—September 1, at Calcutta, the wife of W S W Shepherd Asst Examiner, Mily Account Dept, of a son.

WITTENBAKER.—Sept 2, at Calcutta, the wife of George Constantine Wittenbaker, Government Telegraphs, of a son.

DEATHS

BAILEY.—September 6, at Nathia Gali, Mary, the infant daughter of Major and Mrs C Bailey, 16th Cavalry,

PLUMMER,—Sept 11 at the General Hospital, Madras, Farry Walter son of Major S C Plummer aged 25 years, and 2 months.

THE PRESERVATION OF HEALTH

is the first essential to the enjoyment of life. Whatever your ailments may be there will always be found an antidote.

Kemp and Co., Ltd., have always on hand a very large and well-assorted stock of everything in the Pharmacopœia.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,
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## BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 48m, Sun sets, 6h. 2m, High water. 0-8m. 0 23a. Low water. 5-49m., 6-12a.

P. and O. s. s. Arcadia, with English mails of 1st instant due to arrive at 9 a. m.

Akbar Manufacturing and Press Company Carnac Bridge, 3 p m.

New French Press Company Marine Street 3 p-m.

Hindustan Spinning and Weaving Mills, Hummum Street, 3 p. m.

Western India Spinning and Manufacturing Company, Hummum Street, 3-30 p. m.

Meeting of the University Senate, 5 15 p. m.

THE EMPLOYES' MASS AT MOUNT, BANDORA.—The annual thanksgiving High Mass will be given by the Catholic employes of Messrs. Treacher Kemp, Philip, Thacker, the Army and Navy Co-operative Society, Badham Pile, Vafiadis, Cutler Palmer and companies' establishments on Sunday the 17th September at 10 a. m.

Y. M. C. A. CONCERT.—The names of Miss Dady whose beautiful voice and charming manner captivated the audience, and Major E. J. Keane, whose Irish recital brought down the house, should have been added in our notice of the above concert.

FIRE IN BOMBAY—About midnight on Wednesday night a fire was discovered in a godown, belonging to one Tyebali Mahomedji, a Borah and situated in Janjiker street. The godown contained a number of empty dealwood cases. The fire was first noticed by a watchman, who raised an alarm. The neighbours appeared on the scene and put the flames out. The damage done was nominal. The cause of the fire is not known.

POSTAL NOTICES,—Mails for Singapore, China and Japan per extra s. s. Capri will be closed at the General Post Office at 7 p. m. to-day. Mails for Ceylon, Singapore, China Japan and Australia per s. s. Ville de la Ciotat will be closed at the General Post Office at 8-30 a. m. to-morrow instead of to-day as previously notified.—Mails for Ceylon, the Straits Settlements, China, Japan and Australia per s. s. Coromandel will be closed at the General Post Office at 9-30 a. m. on Tuesday the 19th inst.

FATAL FALL—At the J. J. Hospital yesterday Mr. P. Byrne, Coroner for Bombay, conducted an Inquest relative to the death of Rama Poonja, a Hindu aged twenty. The evidence showed that the deceased used to do odd jobs as a domestic servant. On Wednesday afternoon he was leaning out of a window on the third floor of a house at Gamdevi, removing the choke from a waste-water pipe, when he overbalanced himself and fell into the gully below, He was picked up unconscious and conveyed to the J. J. Hospital, where he died the same evening, the cause of death being internal injury. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

THE GOANS AND THE ROYAL VISIT.—The Goan Union has issued a circular convening a meeting of the Goan community in this city on Sunday the 17th instant at the Goan Union School, Dabul. "A Lua" a prominent Anglo-Portuguese weekly reminds the Goan community of the gratitude they owe to the British Throne, and calls upon the rich and poor of the community to attend the "Reuniao Magna" and testify their loyalty and deep gratitude to the Royal visitors the Prince and Princess of Wales. Dr. Viegas, Mr. J. U. A. Correa and other prominent members of the community should leave no stone unturned to fulfil the desires of the entire Goans in this case.

A JUVENILE BURGLAR.—At the Mazagon Police Court yesterday, before Mr. J. W. S. Dracup, Inspector Stenson charged Dagdoo Joti a Hindu lad, aged fourteen years, with burglary and theft of embroidered clothes of the value of Rs. 240, the property of one Moolji Walji of Mandvi. The accused was arrested on suspicion by a policeman, while he was walking along one of the streets in Mandvi on Wednesday with some of the clothes in his hand. Further police inquiries showed that the accused had also broken into the house of one Thackersey Dayal at Mandvi and removed some books and boxes from it, The Magistrate ordered the accused to be sent to the Sassoon Reformatory for four years and to receive twelve stripes,

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Shoothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winlow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

## FOOTBALL IN BOMBAY.

### ROVERS' TOURNAMENT.

### YORKSHIRE REGT. vs. THE YORKS AND LANCS REGT.

THE teams of these two regiments met again yesterday morning, the game resulting in another draw. The players were the same as in the previous contests.

On kicking off from the Bandstand end the Yorks immediately pressed, and two miskicks by the right back saw them twice very dangerous and they kept up the pressure by some good play on the left, the custodian having to save a shot from the inside. A visit by the Lancs saw it well returned and their custodian saved finely from a shot from inside right, the outside later sending wides. Poor passing saw a good forward move spoilt, but the Lancs kept pressing and a shot by the inside right struck the crossbar. The Yorks came away from this on the right and a long kick gave their centre a chance in the melee. He sent just to the left. After several attacks on their goal the Lancs came up, passed the backs, but the goal-keeper rushing out a corner resulted, A long kick by his inside was given to the outside who centered finely, the inside right heading when offside. The Lancs came again on their left sending in a hot shot which was saved and they pressed hard. The left half got clear, and giving to the left wing it was well centered and a difficult shot from right wing was finely saved. A pass from the centre to left was returned to him and the custodian running out just cleared, the right wing then sent in a hard one which went to the right. He again sent in a low one after a good bit of work in the centre. Coming up mainly through the left half the Lancs' left sent across the back just headed, and the custodian was forced to run out which he did as far as the touch line. From the throw out a grand long high shot went over his hands and the inside left and centre rushed it in. They were, however, called back for off side. In the rush the custodian was laid out for a time. A very clever run by the centre was spoilt by a poor shot from the left wing, but they kept the leather well down and a beautiful centre from the right touch line went across the goal and behind. Nicely led by the centre half the left wing centered into the goal, it was saved and a strong one from the outside left within the penalty area unfortunately struck the back. Half time went with a clean sheet.

On restarting the Lancs left half early got on and centering well, the custodian with difficulty saved a shot from the centre. The Yorks then came up and sent behind after the centre had missed a golden opportunity. The Lancs now lost a grand chance from the left, the centre got on and he with the inside left setting past the backs eventually lost it. Again the ball changed ends, centre to right and across nicely, the left wing, however, slipped and lost an easy chance. A run by the right wing again saw them dangerous, but nothing came of it. Good kicking by the Lancs' back repelled several promising attacks, the left especially being brilliant. The Lance's centre got nicely down and gave to his centre who got quite clear of all opponents; but, with only the custodian in front, he sent over and they later forced a corner, this however was cleared. A determined rush on the left saw the ball come across to the right wing and, being charged, the custodian was forced to give a corner which after a hot struggle, did no good. Another case of getting clear was when the right wing of the Lancs got away, but he miskicked just by the goal. They kept hard at it, an offside to the left wing pulling them up. The next minute the Yorks were away on the left and then the centre sent a warm one which was well saved. With even exchanges in mid-field, time was called, the game again being in an unsettled state : love all. (!)

It was decided to play extra time the Yorks immediately pressing and, once cleared, they returned the ball again going behind and from a free the other end got a visit. A brilliant save by the Lancs' custodian saved the centre opening his account and again from the corner kick he fisted cleverly and his left wing got away forcing a corner from which the right wing missed a possible, and half time went.

From the start the Yorks came up and a very good centre by the right wing was well saved and cleared. A foul against the centre half saved an opening, but to no purpose, and a foul against the custodian for carrying in the goal area gave them a corner which the left wing just missed heading in. The Yorks still pressing a centre came in from the right which the left wing headed, he was off side but it was nevertheless a fine save by the custodian who lost his wind for a moment. Time was whistled with the board still clear.

### 13TH HUSSARS vs. ROYAL ARTILLERY (COLABA).

### (SECOND ROUND).

The meeting between the 13th Hussars from Secunderabad and the Royal Artillery, Colaba, in the second round excited a good deal of interest, both teams having shown capital form in the opening round. The Hussars proved to be by far the most superior team and won by four goals to one chiefly owing to the superior combination of their forwards who were far faster and lighter on their feet than their opponents and who time after time got the ball away from the latter. The Hussars kicked off from the Bandstand end and after some give and take play the Gunners carried the ball down to their opponents end when the outside left essayed a shot at goal which went wide. The Hussars after this, attaking strongly, had an opening, but the shot at goal by the centre forward went over. Some even exchanges in midfield followed and the Gunners worked the ball down to the opposite end, but the Hussars' backs relieved the pressure. Returning to the attack the Gunners' centre had a chance of scoring, but sent in a very feeble shot which was easily handed out a minute or so after the Hussars obtained a corner and a kick at goal by the outside right went behind. From the kick off the Gunners rushed the ball down the ground and wild shooting lost them another chance. The Hussars now asserted themselves and working the ball up to their opponents' goal the centre forward sent in a shot which found the net twelve minutes after the start. Continuing to press the Hussars' outside left a few minutes later scored a second goal for his side. The outside left next sent in a shot which the Gunner's custodian saved with difficulty. The Gunners now got away, but, as before, poor play in front of goal multiplied their efforts to score. Returning to the attack the Gunners' centre sent in a beautiful shot which was just kicked out in the nick of time by the Hussars' goal-keeper. Another attack a minute later was attended with better success the centre from a melee in front of goal sending in a shot which scored. The Hussars pressed after this and from a corner a most exacting struggle in front of goal culminated in a kick by the centre going over. Give-and-take play up and down the ground followed the Gunners' inside right having a shot which went wide. Again a little later the Gunners were pulled up for offside when looking dangerous. The Hussars were the next to attack and rushing the ball down the ground from midfield the outside left scored the third goal for his side. Immediately afterwards the centre nearly scored, the Gunners' goal-keeper saving just in time. The Hussars were now having all the best of the game out pressing their opponents closely. Half time went with the score as follows :—

| | |
|---|---|
| 13th Hussars | 3 Goals. |
| Royal Artillery | 1 Goal, |

Immediately after the start on changing over, the Hussars invaded their opponents' territory, but a shot by the centre forward went wide. After some desultory play in midfield the Gunners carried play to their opponents' territory, but the Hussars' backs by some good kicking relieved the pressure and play was in turn transferred to the Gunners' end where two shots at goal went outside. Give-and-take play followed, the Hussars having, if anything, the best of exchanges. The Gunners after this asserted themselves and transferred the venue of play to Hussars' territory where after getting a corner they lost the advantage they had gained through a free kick for a foul. A few minutes later the Hussars' centre forward rushing the ball down the field for the half way line registered a fourth goal for his side from a shot which the Gunners' custodian had no chance of saving. For the next ten minutes the Hussars had practically everything their own way and it was only the sterling defence of the Gunners' backs that prevented the score being considerably augmented. For the remainder of the half the Hussars had by far the best of exchanges, the score at full time being :—

| | |
|---|---|
| 13th Hussars | 4 Goals |
| Royal Artillery. Colaba | 1 Goal |

The following were the teams :—

| 13TH HUSSARS. | | ROYAL ARTILLERY, COLABA. |
|---|---|---|
| Cpl Flockhard Goal-keeper. | | Gr Hughes, Goal-keeper. |
| Dimsdale right | Backs | Gr Hines left |
| Davis left | | Gr Anderson right |
| Murray right | 1-2 Backs | Gr Guest right |
| Lieut Rees centre | | Br Ward centre |
| Trindar left | | Br Knight left |
| Dixon inside right | Forwards | Lt Pope outside right |
| Palmer centre | | Br Jones in side right |
| Cpl Tyler inside left | | Gr Hartley centre |
| Dean inside right | | Sergt Reynolds inside left |
| Diack outside left | | Gr Holleyhead outside left |

Rereree.—Mr. S. N. Powell,

## CRICKET IN BOMBAY.

### BOMBAY GYMKHANA RESERVES vs. CATHEDRAL HIGH SCHOOL (P. & P.)

THE annual whole day match was played yesterday between the Bombay Gymkhana Reserves and the Cathedral High School Past and Present in weather which, to say the least, was very steamy. Winning the spin of the coin the School team took first service of a batsman's wicket, N. George going in first with H. Hildreth. A poor start was made as with the total only 7, Hildreth stepping out to Hogg was stumped. B. Phillips succeeded and with George carried the score to 20 when he returned one to Campbell. A Gawthorne filled the vacancy and helped George to put on another decade when he succumbed to a curly one from Campbell. A. Phillips next joined George, who was playing very steadily and the total was carried to 41 when Phillips fell a victim to McNaghten's smartness behind the wicket, Hogg being the bowler. E. D. Smith, the skipper, next partnered George and with the addition of five to the score Robertson who had relieved Campbell got Smith caught at the wicket, the outgoing batsman having made 3. Spilling filled the vacancy and before a run could be added was caught off Robertson. G. Hildreth then joined George and runs coming fast the total was brought to 65 before Hildreth returned one to Robertson retiring for a briskly played 14. De Gama filled the vacancy and stayed in while 5 were scored of which he made 4, beingthen bowled by Robertson. Essai succeeded, and runs accruing rapidly a change was made in the bowling Campbell going on again instead of Robertson. The total was carried to 88 at which stage an adjournment was made for tiffin. Play was continued at 2-45 George and Essai being opposed to the bowling of Hogg and Robertson. Without any increase to the total Essai was bowled by Robertson. Mathalon the last man now joined George and before another run could be made George put one up to Cadell at point the innings closing for 88. George nearly carried his bat through the innings being the first in and the last out and his innings was a faultless display.

The Gymkhana batting was started by Cadell and McDonald who were opposed to the bowling of B. Phillips and H. Hildreth. The cricket was not very lively at the start the first ten runs taking twenty minutes to compile. The first wicket fell with the total at 14, McDonald being caught at the wicket off H. Hildreth. Innes Ker succeeded and with Cadell carried the total to 23 at which stage the former was run out, Vibart filled the vacancy and shortly after his arrival Cadell who was batting remarkably well sent up 50 with a drive to the Waudby Road boundary. 60 went up shortly after and four runs later F. Smith who had taken over the ball from the Smith bowled Vibart. Campbell succeeded and a few runs later lost his partner Cadell who had played faultless cricket for 48. Robertson filled the vacancy and had only been in for an over when Campbell was out caught at cover off Smith. Comber then joined Robertson and 80 went up. With the addition of four runs Robertson left and Croft joined Comber. This pair brought the total to 100 when Comber succumbed to a catch off F. Smith. Gillum joined Croft and the best partnership in the innings was witnessed, 32 being added before the latter was caught off Essai for 10. Hogg the last man stayed with Gillum for a while when he was stumped off Hildreth, the innings ending for 135 leaving the Gymkhana with victory by 47 runs. The following are the scores :—

CATHEDRAL HIGH SCHOOL (P. & P.)

| | |
|---|---|
| N George, c Cadell, b Hogg | 39 |
| H Hildreth, st McNaghten, b Hogg | 3 |
| B Phillips, c and b Campbell | 6 |
| A Gawthorne, b Campbell | 7 |
| A Phillips, st McNaghten, b Hogg | 4 |
| E D Smith, c McNaghten, b Robertson | 3 |
| A Spilling, c Dowson, b Robertson | 0 |
| G Hildreth, c and b Robertson | 11 |
| S de Gama, b Robertson | 4 |
| N Essai, b Robertson | 5 |
| F Smith, c Hogg, b Robertson | 0 |
| M Mathalon, not out | 0 |
| Extras | 3 |
| Total | 88 |

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

| | O | R | M | W |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Hogg | 17—1 | 43 | 3 | 4 |
| Campbell | 11 | 19 | 4 | 2 |
| Robertson | 8 | 17 | 3 | 5 |
| Dawson | 3 | 6 | 1 | 0 |
| McDonald | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

Campbell bowled 1 wide and Dawson bowled one no ball.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

| | |
|---|---|
| Mr P R Cadell, c E Smith' b Essai | 48 |
| Capt J H McDonald, c George, b H Hildreth | 7 |
| Mr M Innesker, run out | 4 |
| Mr G W Dawson, c Smith, b Hildreth | 1 |
| Mr J F Vibart, b F Smith | 4 |
| Mr H MacNaghten, c F Smith, b Essai | 3 |
| Mr K Campbell, c Gawthorne, b F Smith | 9 |
| Mr H Robertson, c Gawthorne, b Hildreth | 11 |
| Mr E Comber, c N George, b F Smith | 7 |
| Mr L Croft, c Gawthorne, b Essai | 10 |
| Mr S J Gillum not out | 23 |
| Mr M N Hogg, st George, b Hildreth | 3 |
| Extras | 5 |
| Total | 135 |

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

| | O | R | M | W |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Mr Phillips | 11 | 35 | 1 | 0 |
| Mr Hildreth | 14—3 | 34 | 4 | 4 |
| E Smith | 5 | 15 | 1 | 0 |
| E Spilling | 1 | 6 | 0 | 0 |
| E Essai | 9 | 30 | 3 | 3 |
| F Smith | 7 | 10 | 2 | 3 |

## G. I. P. RAILWAY.

The following is the comparative statement of Traffic earnings for week ending 19th Augus 1905.

| | Coaching Traffic. | Goods Traffic. | Sundry Receipts. | Total for the week. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. | Rs. |
| Approximate earnings for week ending 29th July 1905— G I P Ry system. | 2,07,982 | 3,21,630 | 2,631 | 5,32,243 |
| I M R do | 62,940 | 75,228 | 485 | 1,38,651 |
| Total | 2,70,922 | 3,96,858 | 3,116 | 6,70,896 |
| Actuals for corresponding week ending 29th July 1904— G I P R system | 1,70,561 | 4,14,902 | 3,789 | 5,89,252 |
| I M R do | 59,063 | 72,311 | 1,095 | 1,32,469 |
| Total | 2,29,624 | 4,87,213 | 4,884 | 7,21,721 |
| Increase or Decrease { G I P R | +37,421 | — 93,272 | — 1,158 | — 57,009 |
| { I M R | + 3,877 | + 2,917 | — 610 | + 6,184 |

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Condy's Fluid is sold by all Chemists. Beware of substitutes, all of which are inferior in composition and strength. Insist on having "Condy's Fluid."

## BOMBAY SERVICES.

Captain T. A. F. R. Oldfield, Second-in-Command Kolhapur Infantry, and ex-officio Assistant Political Agent, Kolhapur, is granted extraordinary leave for one month in continuation of the privilege leave for one month and 24 days dated the 1st September.

Mr. A. C. Logan, I. C. S., on relief, to be Political Agent, Bhor, pending the departure of the Honourable Mr. R. A. Lamb, C.I.E., I. C. S., on special duty.

Mr. L. C. Swite, I. C. S., on the departure of the Honourable Mr. Lamb on special duty, to act as Political Agent, Bhor, pending further orders,

Mr. Bomanji Edulji Modi to be a Magistrate of the First Class in the Surat District.

Mr. Guladas Laldas Nanavati, Second Class Subordinate Judge of Broach is invested within the local limits of the ordinary jurisdiction of the Second Class Subordinate Judge's Court of Broach, with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes.

The Governor in Council is pleased under section 28 of the Bombay Civil Courts Act, 1869 as amended by section 8 of Bombay Act, 1900 to invest, within the local limits of the ordinary jurisdiction of the First Class Subordinate Judge's Court of Thana as now fixed or as hereafter altered by any notification for the time being in force, Mr Nandkrishnalal Ratanlal Majmundar, Second Class Subordinate Judge, Murbad with the jurisdiction of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes.

M. E. Clements, I. C. S., resumed charge of his appointment as Acting Judge and Sessions Judge, Sukkur-Larkana, on the 9th June on relief at Karachi by Mr. E. H. E. Leggatt, I. C. S.

Mr. K. W. Barlee, I. C. S., Assistant Collector and Magistrate of the first class in the district of Satara, is invested with power to hear appeals from convictions by Magistrates of the Second and Third Classes.

Commander C. F Fletcher, Royal Indian Marine, Port Officer, Aden, to be a Justice of the Peace within and for the territories subject to the Government of Bombay other than the Presidency Town of Bombay.

Mr. D. A. Thomson, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Fourth Grade, and Divisional Forest Officer Working Plans, S. C., is granted privilege leave of absence for three months in combination with Special leave on urgent private affairs for three month with effect from 25th October, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

The Honourable Mr. R.A. Lamb, C.I.E., I. C. S., on relief, to be First Grade Commissioner vice the Honourable Mr. A. D. Younghusband, I. C. S. and to do duty as Commissioner, Central Division.

Mr. A. C, Logan, I. C. S., on relief, to be Collector of Poona and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Poona District, pending the departure of the Honourable Mr. Lamb on special Duty and to resume the acting appointment of Commissioner Central Division pending further orders.

Mr. L. C. Swift, I C. S., on relief, to be Assistant Collector, Poona, and on the departure of the Hon. Mr. Lamb on special duty to act a Collector of Poona and to be Member and President of the Local Board established for the Poona District, pending further orders.

Mr. H. L. Painter, I. C. S., has been allowed an extension of furlough for three days.

Mr. H. L Painter, I. C. S., has been allowed to return to duty within the period of his leave.

The Rev. E. S. Hall, Chaplain of Belgaum, is granted furlough for one year and nine months with effect from the 1st February 1906 in combination with such privilege leave as may be due to him.

Mr. J. T. Turner, B.A. (Cantab.), to be Head Master, Poona High School.

Mr. J. N. Fraser, M.A., to be Principal, Training College for Teachers in Secondary Schools, Bombay, with effect from 1st October,

Mr. O. V. Muller, M A., Professor of History and Political Economy, Elphinstone College, Bombay, has been allowed to return to duty within the period of his leave.

Captain W. S. Patton, M.B., I.M.S., was appointed to act as Medical Officer to the Kathiawar Political Agency, and in charge West Hospital, Rajkote from the afternoon of the 5th August to the afternoon of the 21st August in addition to his own duties.

Lieutenant W. S. J. Shaw, M. B., I. M. S., has been appointed to act as Medical Officer to the Kathiawar Political Agency, and in charge West Hospital, Rajkot, with effect from the afternoon of 21st August in addition to his own duties, vice Captain W. S. Patton, M, B, I. M. S, transferred.

Mrs. C. D'Monte, L. M. and S., Second Physician, Pestanji Hormasji Kama Hospital for Women and Children, Bombay, is granted leave without allowance for two months from the date of relief.

Mr. V. F. Barker, Senior Superintendent, is appointed to act as Assistant Secretary to Government during Mr. Bavgi's absence, or until further orders.

Mr. R. P. Barrow, I.C.S., on relief to be Secretary to Government, Revenue and Financial Department.

Major C. T. Hudson, I.M.S., has been allowed to return to duty within the period of his leave.

Mr. D. W. Herbert, Assoc. M. Inst. C. E. Executive Engineer 1st Grade, permanent, and Superintending Engineer, 3rd Class, substantive pro tem reverts to Executive Engineer, 1st Grade, permanent,

## CULPABLE HOMICIDE

### DISPUTE ABOUT A WELL.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Russell and the Hon. Mr. Justice Aston, presiding at the Appellate Side of the Bombay High Court, have disposed of an appeal in a case against Rama bin Gunda, who was convicted by Mr. T. D. Fry, Additional Sessions Judge of Satara, in May last, of culpable homicide not amounting to murder and was sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for three years. Mr. G. S. Rao appeared for the accused.

In this case the appellant, accused No. 1, was charged with having committed culpable homicide not amounting to murder, in having caused the death of one Vithu bin Joti Jadhav. Accused No. 2, brother of accused No. 1, and Kissenchand Ballachand, accused No. 3, were charged with voluntarily causing hurt to Vithu. He was one of a family of four brothers, who owned a one-third share in the water of a well, the other sharers being accused No. 3 and another. According to the case for the prosecution, it was the turn of the deceased and his brothers to work their "moat" at the well on the 16th May last; but it appeared that, early in the morning of that day, accused No. 1 was drawing water on behalf of accused No. 3. A person named Rama interfered, and No. 1 then unyoked his bullocks and withdrew to the village. One of the deceased's brothers, Ishwar, started his own moat; and his other brothers, leaving him alone, went away to fetch a cart-load of earth. While Ishwar was still alone, the three accused and another came to the well and removed Ishwar's moat. The latter then took away his bullocks and awaited the return of his brothers, When the latter arrived with the cart, the deceased went forward and endeavoured to interfere with No. 1 who was working the moat, when No, 4 struck deceased with a stick, The latter retaliated by striking No. 3 with a wooden whip handle a blow, which drew blood. No. 3 then called upon his companions to beat the deceased. The latter was set upon and No 1 struck him a blow on head with a wooden implement, which felled him and caused his death from concussion of the brain. The implement, said the Sessions Judge, was a formidable one and No. 1 must have known that the violent blow which he struck was likely to cause death. He was convicted and sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for three years, while the other two accused were acquitted and discharged.

Their lordships taking into consideration all the evidence, dismissed the appeal.

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# The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY SEPT. 15, 1905.

## FOR THE SMALL CAPITALIST.

As a field for British colonisation and probably Indian Coolie Labour, attention is just now being directed to the Mahogany Coast "which comprises the slender foothold Britain retains on the mainland of Central America and is known as British Honduras." British Honduras has an advantage over the Honduras further along the Caribbean Sea, which rejoices, or otherwise, in one of the most unstable Governments "even in area occupied by ever-altering and fickle republics" protected indirectly, we suppose, by the precious Monroe doctrine. A writer in a London journal, who desires to see the country developed, considers Honduras one of the few spots left on the universe which is veritably a terra incognita, a colony of which we know less than of any other portion of the British Empire. The Hinterland, immediately contiguous to the sea littoral, is known; but of the dense, humid forest-country on the further side of the Coxcombs, "all is intelligent speculation, based on information gathered from haphazard exploration of the sides of these enchanted mountains which face the blue waters of the Carribbean." Of course, it would have been better, first, to explore the country before recommending it to colonisation and it certainly does not incline one to pack up one's carpet-bag and leave hearth and home to be told that British Honduras is merely a geographical expression. Still, more is known about the country than the writer, at the outset, admits. Furthermore each day adds to our knowledge of it, as a scientific survey is being made. This will remedy the state of affairs, now possible, under which colonists' territory is marked on the map as "unknown lands." The explanation appears to be that the enormous wealth in timber of the sea littoral has occupied the sole attention of settlers for a couple of centuries. As long as the easily accessible mahogany and logwood lasted there was no incentive to penetrate into the teeming hinterlands. It was a policy merely of personal greed which the early settlers pursued. As long as they could scrape together enough of the surface wealth of the country to enable them to quickly return to the Old World, there to dissipate their easily acquired opulence, no thought was given to the morrow—the cause of the decadence of all the Spanish-American countries.

The Hinterland abounds in virgin forests of mahogany, cocoa trees, cohune and cabbage palms. It has a soil which will grow anything, tobacco, sugar, fruits of all kinds, cocoa and coffee, yet every commodity of life, not excluding vegetables, is imported. Unfortunately the country is exploited by Yankee timber financiers, and this has led to the exhaustion of the timber on the sea littoral and driven the wood-cutter steadily inland. He has not time to till the soil, much less to grow vegetables. Everyone is engaged in the timber trade, yet there are fortunes for those who will turn their attention to the soil and its capability of production. Properly developed, we are told the Belize district would give up a tract of fertile land as big as Wales to the remunerative cultivation of Arabian coffee and cocoa and other valuable commodities. Central American cocoa is easily the best in the market, and in British Honduras the majestic cocao is indigenous as are sea island cotton and tobacco. All the hill-slopes of the Coxcombs, we are told, would be available for the growth of the best coffee, no whit inferior to the rich products of the neighbouring Cuban province of Guatemala. Yet all that is wanted is development. The country was once prosperous and wealthy, with its settlers "as easily rich as any of the Indian nabobs who fluttered in English society in Pitt's day." It is now said to be the most backward colony in the British Empire, though capable of such profitable working. Settlers, succeeding rapidly, have never stayed long enough to acquire a home. They denuded the forests, sold the timber and returned home never planting a single tree in the place of those they removed. They never seemed to realise that posterity demanded this of them. But even in present cicumstances it is an ideal place for men of small capital, when the fruit farmer, "with an immense market at his door, can live on his own land in positive luxury on half the money it takes to starve genteelly in England."

There is hope in the fact that the Colonial Office, at the instigation of Mr. Chamberlain, is now carrying out a survey with a view to the systematic development of the country. The results of that survey may not be fully known for something like three years. But enough has already been discovered to prove the vast potential wealth of the Hinterlands, not only in mahogany and other furniture woods, but in an agricultural sense. Before these can be made use of, it will be necessary to establish communications, for at present there are neither roads nor railways, the tidal rivers forming the only means of transit. A railway across the Colony to Guatemala is contemplated, and, when constructed, it will open up a large tract of fertile country. Good roads will do more and when the hill ranges have been exploited it will doubtless be found that all the slopes can be advantageously devoted to coffee-growing. The hills too abound in minerals and timber. Agriculture is now in earliest infancy and cannot support the colony for some time to come. But the potentialities are there. Gradually it is expected population will creep up and cover the country. The hill slopes of the Coxcombs will be invaded and subsequently peopled. Immigration on the largest scale is anticipated and by degrees the furthermost corners of this country will be occupied. The country will support something like three millions of people, where now there are but thirty thousand, and when the whole Colony has been laid open it is predicted that its wealth will be even beyond present conception. The mere adventurer is warned off. It is no place for him. Only the colonist with a little capital is wanted, and it is only he who can succeed. Nowhere, he is assured, can he make his little go so far or bring in so good a return. We are asked, however, to consider British Honduras as a wonderful country with resources which, humanly speaking, can never be exhausted and, if the neglect of years can be overcome and the Colonial Office made to retrieve its past dilatoriness, it is positively foretold that it will make one of the most desirable places for British colonisation anywhere to be found.

### THE TAKING OF CENSUSES.

THE approaching census which it is proposed to take of Bombay is a matter which staggers all but the most enthusiastic statisticians. To those who are accustomed to the comparatively easy methods employed in England four years ago, the task of counting so vast a migratory population seems well high impossible. Yet the task, great as it is, is not so enormous as it would seem at first thought. One is apt to accept the statement that the population of the world is about 1,600 millions without thought as to how the figures are arrived at. Some 950 millions or three fifths of the whole are known by censuses, while the remainder have been estimated by methods more or less accurate. In order to verify the information at present held, a committee was recently appointed by the International Statistical Institute for the purpose of devising methods for estimating population in countries having no census. Their recommendations were that, wherever possible, a regular census by a house-to-house canvas should be made, simplifying the schedules to a few necessary data, that where such a method is inapplicable, owing to the low stage of culture of the people, the houses be counted and the number multiplied by the average number of occupants determined by counting the number of inmates in numerous cases, and that where such a count of houses over the entire area is impracticable, representative districts or bands of country be selected and the houses counted therein, thus sampling the country. Such proposals are excellent in their way, but only touch the surface of the question when the counting of a population, a great part of which is practically homeless, is concerned. Such an undertaking calls for special methods and for an enormous number of workers, so that the work, by being done in the least possible time, reduces overlapping to a minimum. One of the most difficult censuses to take is that of China which is done with some degree of regularity. Early in each year schedules are distributed to each household by the Magistrates of the district to be filled in and returned before the end of the year. Each schedule has to contain the number in the family or house at the beginning of the year, the number of deaths or other omissions, the number of births and other additions and the resulting number at the close of the year. If this were thoroughly carried out it would give the total population very closely, although, as will be seen on consideration the method employed, is open to objection as many of the entries must necessarily be duplicates.

Under this system the population of China has been estimated at a little over four hundred and seven millions and assuming these figures to be correct there remain unknown populations estimated at about two hundred and twenty seven million scattered over the earth. Among the countries not enumerated are several of the Central and South American Republics of which a regular census can be taken without difficulty. The same is true of Turkey and of the countries of Northern Africa, Siam and French Indo-China, but the wild peoples of Africa and of Central and South Western Asia cannot be subjected to this method, and other less accurate ways have to be adopted. Strange as it may seem, the best way has been found to be that which most closely approximates, that in use in the most civilised countries. The difference is that instead of the head of the house being responsible for the information, the chief of the clan or tribe is approached and the result has, on being tested when possible, been found very approximately correct. This method was largely used, with success, in the recent enumeration of the wild peoples of the Philipines, especially the Igorotes and Moros. Splitting up the known and estimated population it is seen that the lowest proportion of estimated population is in Europe where the census accounts for 397 millions and the estimate for six millions. The highest proportion is in Africa where the estimated population exceeds the known twenty million, by one hundred million. The proportion is smaller in Asia where the excess is the same over a known population of four hundred million. The next highest is South America where the known 20 millions exeed the estimated by one million. This order does not include Australia and Oceania where the proportion of estimated to known is as high as one in five, the supposed total being only six millions. The last census taken in Bombay gave the population as 776,006, but it must be remembered that in 1901 the population had been greatly reduced by the large numbers who fled from the city to avoid the epidemic of plague. It is thought that those who then left the city have in great measure returned, and that the present population can be taken as a true average record, a record which should prove Bombay to be the second biggest city of India.

### CHINA ERECTING FACTORIES.

CHINA is apparently determined to wake up commercially from her long sleep. Last May a union of Shanghai merchants invited subscriptions for the forming of a company which, under the name of "The China Manufacturing Company, Limited" and with a capital of one million Shanghai taels, divided among ten thousand shares of one hundred taels each, was to undertake the manufacture of paper, glass and soap. The factory will be erected at Wuku, 250 miles above the mouth of the Yangtse. The making of paper will be first proceeded with. As Wuku is the centre of the greatest rice growing district of China, rice-straw will be the material used in the paper-mill. This will be the first experiment of the sort in China. It is intended that the yearly production in the beginning will be 2,500 tons, but provision in space and machinery will be made to double this quantity if necessary. It is calculated that the cost of production will be 130 taels per ton, and the selling price 170 taels. The Soap factory will turn out soap of the ordinary quality that is bought by Chinese, and the glass factory will be chiefly employed making window-panes and glass for mirrors, bottles, lamp chimneys and such articles. Athough the prospectus expects that there will be a return of at least 20 per cent on the share capital, and although the raw material is to be found close at hand and a market for the produce of the factory is open all the year round in Wuku, the period for subscription of the required capital had to be extended, as the shares were being taken up so slowly. In the present condition of eastern trade this not to be wondered at.

### SHEEP FARMING IN SOUTH AFRICA.

THE Boer sheep farmer has been, up to the present, a notoriously unprogressive person. He has still to learn the importance of breed in sheep. Excepting in a few favoured districts, the weight of each place in South Africa might be about doubled by the importation of stud sheep from Australia. Not many years ago the proprietors of Canowie station, in South Australia, shipped a batch of their fine rams on speculation to Natal. To their disgust, it was found that these rams were worth more per head at Canowie than in South Africa. In Boer eyes one ram was as good as another, and of course the owners of Canowie never repeated the experiment. From the accounts of a recent great sale of stud in Sydney, it appears that a change is now taking place, and at last a real improvement may be expected both in the quantity and quality of South African wool shipments. The first ram sold in Sydney, fetched the highest price ever reached there, viz., 540 guineas and, it is stated, was bought for South Africa. The second ram sold fetched 300 guineas, and was shipped to South Africa. It may now be fairly expected that an era of improvement has set in and that when the most unprogressive Boer finds he can double his wool revenue by judicious expenditure on high-class stock, he will not fail to adopt improved methods.

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BARON KOMURA is supposed to be suffering from typhoid fever and is unable to leave New York.

A SPEEDY Franco-German agreement on the Morocco question is expected as the outcome of Herr Rosen's attitude.

THE movements of Lord Minto are not yet definitely announced, but it is felt certain that he will reach Bombay by November 4.

THE relations between Norway and Sweden have again become strained and mutual recriminations of a serious character are reported.

AN extraordinary statement is made that the Baku oil producers are finding it safer to pay ransom to the bandits than to rely upon the police.

THE move of the Government of India to Calcutta is expected to begin in the first week in November.

SIMLA has shared in the recent heavy rainfall, between four and five inches being recorded on Monday and Tuesday.

IT IS expected that the new rifle factory at Ishapur will be able to convert some 30,000 Lee-Enfield rifles to charger-loaders by April next.

ARRANGEMENTS are being made for establishing a provincial Public Works Secretariat and service in the new province of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

A WIRE from Naggar, in Kangra, dated Tuesday, stated that Lord Kitchener had been delayed there for three days by very heavy rain, and that it was doubtful whether his Excellency would be able to leave Kulu for Dharamsala as he intended. The date of his arrival in Simla is still unfixed.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL BEATSON will leave Simla at the end of this week for Gwalior in connection with the arrangements for the Royal tour. The recent rain in Rajputana may render unnecessary any material alteration in the dates of the tour so far as the principal Rajput States are concerned.

THE approximate traffic return of the Barsi Light Railway Company, Limited, (21·59 miles open) for the week ending 9th September 1905, were Rs. 3,877 being an increase of Rs. 624 than the corresponding week of last year. The total receipts from 1st Jan. to 9th September 1905, amount to Rs. 1,71,280 being an increase of Rs. 48,613 over the corresponding period of last year.

WE understand that it had been practically settled that in place of Ballabgarh there would be large manœuvres in the neighbourhood of Attock between the 2nd and 8th December. But the heavy rain which has visited the Punjab just when it had come to be despaired of brings a new uncertainty into the situation, by making it possible that the original plan may be adhered to after all.

IT appears that the reason which induced the Army Council to revoke its decision to abolish the rank of Brigadier-General was that an officer known only as the Brigadier might find himself in the awkward position of having his orders disregarded by a colonel who was his senior in the service. Consequently the old title has been restored and the new uniform cancelled.

THE late Mr. G. P. Sanderson, of Kheddah renown, is said to have travelled all across India once to measure an elephant that was reported to him as being an inch or two over 10 feet. But we observe, says the "Pioneer" that a reward is now being offered for the destruction of a troublesome rogue that frequents the neighbourhood of Hanchura tea garden which is described as being "from ten to twelve feet in height." At any rate the sportsman who falls in with this fearsome beast will have no trouble about recognising it.

IN July the Government of India notified to the Transvaal Government that the result of expert enquiry having shown that Captain Rost, I. M. S., had not succeeded in cultivating the bacillus of leprosy, the use of leprolin was to be discontinued. A reply has recently been received from Pretoria to the effect that before the receipt of the despatch from India the medical officers of health in the Transvaal had repeated Captain Rost's experiments and had failed to cultivate the bacillus, although following as closely as possible his published methods. This will tend to confirm the conclusions arrived at as the result of the experiments at the Kasauli Laboratory.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay during the week ending Sept. 12, was 597, giving a death-rate of 37·52 per annum per thousand as against 39·80, the corresponding period of last year, and 50·13 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 61 died from fevers; 39, plague; 2, measles; 1, leprosy; 44, phthisis; 41, diseases of the nervous system; 144, affections of the respiratory organs; 33, diarrhœa; 23, dysentery; 37, still-born; 77, old age and debility; 12, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows:—Jain, 19; Brahmin, 25; Lingaet, 1; Bhattia, 4, Hindu of other caste, 269, Hindu low caste, 72, Musalman, 120; Parsee, 23, Jew 4; Native Christian, 14, Eurasian European, 5, and Negro-African 1. The total number of births was 366 as against 415, the corresponding period of last year, and 333 the average over the past five years.

## SHARING IN THE SCENES OF THE PAST.

UNDER the walls of Silistria a Scotch youth of gentle blood had distinguished himself by a brilliant feat of arms. He was a Volunteer in the Russian army and went by the name of Hugh Elliot. This drew to him the attention of King George III. He had been refused a lieutenancy in the English army before. To make up for it the capricious monarch named him a diplomat the next day and sent him to Munich where England had for long no representative. The chancelleries were far from being encumbered then with the do-nothing personnel to be seen vegetating to-day. It was often the minister himself who composed all the legation. Did he need an auxiliary? He was one of his own choice and kept at his own expense. Elliot had for secretary a certain Mr. Liston his former tutor.

### THE COURT OF MUNICH

Where he made his debut in 1774 was renowned in Europe for its elegance and its humour. The Elector Maximilian was an agreeable Prince of cultivated tastes. But his frivolity was incurable. Like Louis XV he had two ruling passions, hunting and gallantry. Mme de Torring-Seefield, wife of one of the grand seigneurs, was the object of his assiduous worship. It was she who really reigned. The Electress, ill-favoured by nature and wanting in "Love's majesty" had to hold aloof. That did not prevent her receiving the highest formal honour. In her suite were demoiselles of the noblest houses. The surveillance exercised over these maids of honour was not so close that it prevented gallantry. The Elector had no children and the heir-presumptive was Prince Maximilian who did not aspire like Louis XVI to be called the Severe. His passion for a beautiful and young lady and the jealous husband's opposition was the talk of the court. The moral tone of the princely family permeated the rest of society. The place where intrigues were woven and again unravelled was the palace of Nymphembourg. Thrice a week during summer the Electress received there a "grande compagnie." While the tables were being laid, gambling went on gaily in the palace corridors. For those whom softer emotions drew hither other diversions were offered. On the lake dug by the hand of man were gondolas adorned with brilliant flags. These were unmoored and glided silently over the water carrying couples who loved solitude far away. Light carriages meant for two ladies and two cavaliers were at hand ready to drive them to the shady depths of the park. Those who drove and those who rowed met at table at the hour fixed at a magnificent dinner. Often they danced far into the night, and following the fashion then in favour they sustained under masks the romance began on the waters of the lake or under the shade of the grove. While the Court amused itself thus the miseries and sufferings of the people were extreme. Frequent famines devastated the territory. The Government of the Elector cared little. They had discovered a radical means of fighting the scourge.

On the Danube were constructed big rafts, on which the hunger-stricken were embarked by force and left to the mercy of the current. Austria took up these wretches, and incorporated them in her Army. It was said there were more Bavarian soldiers in it than were necessary to conquer the whole electorate. For his ingenious expedient the minister of finance was applauded. Of reforms in her laws and institutions there was no question at Munich, though neighbouring States were busily engaged on each side. Disorder, frivolity, ignorance corruption such was the device of the Court of Bavaria at that time.

### A REFLECTION.

How often have men not declaimed against the scandals which the spectacle of the old Court of France presented and against the dissolute morals of the society of the time? How often has posterity sought in these scandals an explanation and excuse for the excesses of the great Revolution? And here was a court and a society, certainly not less cankered at the core, bearing a more than striking resemblance to the French Court and to French Society. The Elector who impudently paraded his inordinate gallantry in public was neither a Louis XIV nor Louis XV. The deceived and forlorn spouse was neither Maria Theresa nor Merie Leckzinska. Mme de Torring was no Montespan nor Chateauroux. The frail "filles d'honneur" of the Electress do not remind us of those in the suite of Anne of Austria. The frivolous ministers who planned expedients instead of remedies had not the nimbleness of light Maurepas nor the indisputable genius of the Controller General Colonne. No Turgots nor Neckers were there to undertake reforms. And despite the wickedness that was rampant, Bavaria saw no blood of its sovereigns shed on the piazza, nor the guillotine set up to mow down the flower of its noblesse. There were no revolts, no civil wars, no proscriptions. She felt but the feeble rebound of that terrible shock which shook the soil of France. What a conclusion does that lead to? That in human affairs it is always the unexpected which upsets the finest calculations, and a disproportion between effect and cause which confounds reason. Let us guard against attempts to foresee the unforeseen and to explain the inexplicable.

### THE COUNTESS OF MINTO.

Surely the Court of the Elector was a dangerous sojourn for a minister of twenty-two. Romantic and inconstant, energetic and attractive, indolent and chivalrous, such is his portrait by Lady Minto his grand-daughter, and such he appears to us from Liston's letters. From the day he set his foot there he was exposed to the pointed and imperious attentions of all the ladies of the Court. Liston pays him a compliment, not for having withstood them all, but for the tact with which he saved the vanity of those whose advances met with no response. During the three years he passed in Bavaria a voluminous correspondence with the court dames filled Elliot's days. Despatches there were few or none. Among the letters which chance has preserved and which certainly were not for publicity, there are many signed Delta, hiding very likely the identity of one of the maids of honour of the Electress. These are all in French and of a pleasant nature. It is to be regretted Lady Minto does not give more of them in the Memoir exciting as they do our curiosity. Diverse were the amusements of the Court, says Delta. They were much taken up with music in Bavaria. As in Paris there were two parties at variance the Gluckists and the Piccinists. The latter were in favour of secular music, the former were ardent supporters of German music and were for its taking possession of the stage. At the head of these patriots was Mozart, then chief of the orchestra of the Prince Archbishop of Salzbourg, his pay being 27 francs a month. Through patronage he succeeded in getting his opera Finta Giardiniera represented at the court. The success of this work was so great that Elliot, till then a rebel to music, left the theatre a convert, and took to practising the flute the very next day. Mozart asked as reward that he should be made the Chief of the Court orchestra to which they replied, "It is too soon. You are very young. Go to Italy."

### FROM PLEASURE TO PENITENCE AND BACK.

Perusing the Memoir of the Hon'ble Hugh Elliot by Lady Minto is like turning over a collection of engravings faithfully reproducing the fashions and costumes of another age. The piquant anecdotes related in it, tell us of the dissipated and brilliant life they then led in the principal towns of Europe. In Munich they sometimes passed from pleasure to penitence. "Bon gre mal gre" they had to pray by order of the Elector. The Electress walked the streets of the town in procession followed by all the dames of the court. These were dressed like nuns but all in white with a little rouge to relieve their complexion against the sorry effect of such attire. Then the scene shifts, the Court is all in a flutter. A comedy has suddenly been got up wherein the lash is audaciously laid on the scandals of the palace and the vices of the noblesse. From the very first it attained a popularity which it took the "Mariage de Figaro" years to obtained in France. With every representation the enthusiasm grew. The pit interpellated the actors. "It is true" says one, "They did that to me" says another. And plaudits interrupted the performance of the piece. It was resolved to interdict the performance. But the blow meant death. Thus for a time those who were for reform were looked up to. Delta deplores it. "Reforms, Great God! What is to become of us."

PESTANJI DORABJI KHANDALAWALA.

(To be continued.)

## SWEDEN AND NORWAY.

### RELATIONS AGAIN BECOMING STRAINED.

### MUTUAL RECRIMINATIONS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, SEPT. 14.

The feeling between Norway and Sweden is apparently again most strained.

An authoritative announcement at Stockholm accuses Norway of wilfully deceiving the foreign press on the subject of the demolition of frontier fortifications, while the Norwegians declare Sweden is now making conditions harder than was decided by the Rigsdag.

A Stockholm paper yesterday alleged that the Norwegian Reserves were mobilised on the frontier. This is denied at Christiania.

## SERIOUS RIOTS IN YOKOHAMA.

### Mob Destroying and Burning.

### CONSULATES GUARDED BY TROOPS.

Serious anti-peace rioting took place in Yokohama yesterday. The mob destroyed and burned eleven police Kiosks.

Troops sent from Tokio are guarding the Consulates and warehouses.

## BARON KOMURA'S ILLNESS.

### Typhoid Fever Suspected

LONDON, SEPT. 13.

It is believed that Baron Komura has typhoid fever. A specialist has been summoned and the Baron's return is now postponed indefinitely.

M. Takabira will remain with him.

## THE BAKU OIL TRADE.

### Monthly Ransom to the Bandits.

LONDON, SEPT. 14.

The Baku oil producers in a memorandum to the Minister of Finance point out the helplessness of the Police to guard the oil-fields, and declare they have decided to pay bandits an enormous sum monthly as a ransom, for the safety of life and property.

## AGITATION IN FINLAND.

### Meeting Dispersed by the Military.

Eight hundred delegates from all towns in Finland met at Helsingfors to discuss the political situation. The police order to disperse being ignored, the military were summoned and dispersed the meeting with fixed bayonets.

## THE MOROCCO QUESTION.

### Herr Rosen's Conciliatory Attitude.

LONDON, SEPT. 13.

The attitude of Herr Rosen, the new German Minister at Morocco, in his negotiations in Paris with M. Rouvier regarding Morocco, is most conciliatory and a complete agreement with reference to the Morocco Conference is imminent.

LONDON, SEPT. 14.

All the Powers have presented a Note to the Moorish Government demanding the protection of Europeans in view of the insecurity at Tangier in consequence of the inter-tribal fighting.

## THE POPE AND MIKADO.

### A Congratulatory Mission.

LONDON, SEPT. 13.

The American Bishop O'Connel has started to convey to the Mikado the Pope's congratulations on the magnanimous peace concluded and on the treatment of Catholics in Japan.

## LORD MINTO'S MOVEMENTS.

### Probable Date of Sailing.

Lord Minto has not yet taken his passage definitely, but it is almost certain that he sails in the Macedonia, reaching Bombay on the 4th November.

Lord Guernsey is attached to the staff of General Forestier Walker, Governor of Gibraltar, and not to Lord Minto.

## SIR GEORGE WHITE ILL.

### A Slight Operation

General Sir George White has undergone a slight operation on his foot at Belfast.

## CRICKET IN ENGLAND.

The match between the South of England and the Australians has resulted in a draw.

## OBITUARY.

The death is announced of M. Goblet, the French politician.

## DETAILS OF THE ST. LEGER.

LONDON, SEPT. 13.

The St. Leger was run in rainy weather.

Seven horses started and passed the post in the following order viz., Chellacombe, Polymelus, Cherry Lass, Nimay, Llangibby, Magon and Monarda.

The race was won by three lengths, the same distance separating the second and third horse.

The betting at the start was 100 to 6 Chellacombe, 10 to 1 Polymelus, 4 to 6 Cherry Lass and 50 to 1 Nimay.

[This message was delayed due to a repetition being necessary.]

## CALCUTTA AND THE ROYAL VISIT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 14.

At yesterday's special meeting of the Calcutta Municipality the subject of approving the draft address to be presented to the Prince and Princess of Wales came up for consideration. Many suggestions were made and eventually the draft was referred back to the special committee for re-drafting.

## INDIAN TEA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 14.

In reply to the London branch of the Indian Tea Association, the Calcutta branch answered that the question of furthering the Indian tea trade with Tibet was occupying the attention of the Tea Cess Committee.

The Indian Tea Cess Committee notifies that from the 1st to 31st August, the first instalment (4 1/4 pies per lb) of the bonus at the rate of 9 pies per pound has been paid on 254,374 lbs of green tea. The quantity on which a bonus has been paid from the beginning of the current season to 31st August is 511,925 lbs.

## THE PARTITION OF BENGAL

### TRADES ASSOCIATION PROTEST.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 14.

An important letter from the Calcutta Trades Association to the Government of India on the subject of the new province and High Court states that equally with the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, the Association regard with apprehension the introduction by Government of any measure tending in any degree to weaken or lessen the jurisdiction and influence of the High Court and it occurs to them, on a consideration of the proclamation, that contrary to the declared intention of Government, the immediate effect is to disturb, to the extent of abolition, the jurisdiction of the Court in relation to territories which by transfer to the new province will be removed from the Bengal division of the presidency, and consequently from the influence and superintendence of the Court, and they are unable to find in the proceedings of Government any indication of a reassuring provision for the retention of jurisdiction. It is accordingly suggested that an Act of Parliament may be necessary to give effect to the declared intention of retaining or restoring the jurisdiction of the High Court in respect of the severed territories.

## THE CALCUTTA DOVETON INSTITUTION.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, SEPT. 14.

The Calcutta High Court have appointed the following gentlemen as the new trustees who form the committee of management of the Calcutta-Doveton Institutions:—Major Pilgrim, Superintendent, General Hospital, C. F. Larmour of C. Lazarus and Co., W. T. Grice Smith of Stanistreet and Co., and John M. Gregory, of Gregory and Jones, the Rev. E. M. Wheeler Head Master, Calcutta Free School, L. S. Colthurst, Accountant, E. I. R., and E. M. Smith, one of the governors of the Calcutta Free School.

## DURAND FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

### SIMLA VOLUNTEERS vs. 16TH RIFLES

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 14.

The Simla Volunteers' "A" team played the 16th Rifles in the Durand football tournament here to-day before a large gathering, but were outclassed, the Rifles winning by three goals of which two were made in the last quarter of an hour to love. The Volunteers played up pluckily, Conner being conspicuous upon their left wing in more than one fine attempt upon the Rifles' goal, but they failed to score. The game was a fast one throughout, the Rifles attacking most of the time, Branwell doing especially useful service for his side.

The following were the teams:—Volunteers.—Danskin (goal); Allen and Edwardes (backs); Goldstein, Lincoln and Stephens (half backs); Ergwell, Sherbourne, Winning, Baldwin and Conner (forwards).

Rifles.—Lanshaw (goal); Mason and Evans (backs); Baron, Greeley and Page (half backs); Curtis, Branwell, Highney, Gaitley and Conner (forwards).

## EDUCATIONAL REFORMS.

### LORD CURZON TO ADDRESS THE DIRECTORS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 14.

The Directors of Public Instruction who are assembled in Conference in Simla having invited his Excellency the Viceroy to attend one of their meetings in order to bid him farewell, his Excellency has consented to be present on Wednesday next at 12 p.m. and will address the Conference on the educational reforms of past few years.

## BROACH NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BROACH, SEPT. 12.

LIKE the rest of Guzarat, Broach has derived much benefit from the recent fall of rain. Even if there were no more rain this season the crops should now do very well.

The river Nerbudha is again in flood and the last of the buggalows left stranded by the last big flood below Scandal Point was yesterday successfully refloated.

Local sportsmen expect to get better small game shooting this year than usual. There will, at any rate, be more water to tempt duck and snipe to indulge in a short stay.

For the first time for some years the Broach Gymkhana did not arrange any cricket matches either local or with outstations during the monsoon. The local High School however turned out a team which has had a very successful season and seems to have defeated most of the big schools in Guzarat.

## SIMLA CLERKS' ALLOWANCES.

### REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE.

### NEW REGULATIONS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, SEPT. 14.

The report of Mr. Dane's Committee recently appointed to consider the question of Simla allowances to the clerical establishments of the Government of India is published. It is an extensive report and runs to forty pages of printed matter and goes thoroughly into all the questions connected with the Subordinate Secretariat service with the European and Native, Civil Military dealing with house rent, cost of living, moving of families etc. It also gives the history of allowances since 1827 to date.

The proposal of the Committee are summarised as follows:—(1) For moving offices' kit. (a) For present incumbents of the service:—(1) that in lieu of separate house rent allowances and special maintenance a consolidated Simla allowance should be given (2) that family maintenance allowance should be continued on the present scale (3) that travelling allowance for families should be continued on the present scale.

(b) For future entrance to the service, (1) that in lieu of separate house rent allowances, special and family maintenance allowances and family travelling allowance a consolidated local allowance should be granted all the year round; (2) that clerks should be given travelling allowance for themselves as at present, but family travelling allowance should be discontinued, (3) the actual railway fares should be allowed once in the season to clerk's granted leave to visit their families.

(c) General:—(1) that steps should be taken to provide quarters for the clerks, (2) that advances should be recoverable in two months' instalments, (3) that dependents should be defined as at present, (4) that allowances should be admissible during privilege leave only, and without restriction as to the place of rejoining, (5) that steps should be taken to assist the Bengali clerks' school in Simla and for stationary offices in Simla, (6) that no allowances should be given, but that the question of the necessity of revising the rates of pay should be examined in each case by Government, (7) that if this is not adopted a fuel allowance might be granted to menials and that the allowances of menial servants be reserved.

In consolidating the present House Rent Allowances and Special Maintenance Allowances the Committee recommended that this course be adopted in the case of all existing incumbents as follows: Below Rs. 100, Rs. 35; below Rs. 100 to Rs. 199, Rs. 45; below Rs. 200 to Rs. 299, Rs. 50; below Rs. 300 to Rs. 399 Rs. 55; below Rs. 400 to Rs. 599, Rs. 60; below Rs. 600 and over Rs. 65.

These allowances are for single men. They are doubled in the case of married men.

For future entrants the scale proposed is as follows:—For single and married men Below Rs. 50, Rs. 15 and Rs. 30, below Rs. 50 to Rs. 99, Rs. 20 and Rs. 50; below Rs. 100 to Rs. 149, Rs. 20 and Rs. 55; below Rs. 150 to Rs. 189, Rs. 20 and Rs. 65; below Rs. 200 to Rs. 299 Rs. 20 and Rs. 70; below Rs. 300 to Rs. 399, Rs. 25 and Rs. 75; below Rs. 400 to Rs. 499 Rs. 25 and Rs. 80; below Rs. 500 to Rs. 599, Rs. 30 and Rs. 80; below Rs. 600 and upwards Rs. 30 and Rs. 100.

The Committee's report says:—We are unanimously and emphatically of opinion that it will be absolutely useless to increase the existing House Rent Allowances unless some measures are also taken to break the practical monopoly which the householders in Simla at present enjoy. The Committee consider the accommodation in the present native clerks barracks is insufficient. They recommend 50 more additional quarters for Europeans and the construction of a certain number of native quarters, these latter to be added to it. Suitable sites for quarters should be compulsorily acquired, the Bengali School should be strengthened by a stronger staff of teachers and assistance be given to provide a more suitable building. In considering the question of men in the Army Head quarters, military works, ordnance, remount, Indian Medical Service, Veterinary and other offices, the stationary offices in Simla, the Committee do not recommend any alleviaton of their positions, but recommend full allowances on the scale given in the winter of 1898-9 to the clerks of the Military and Public Works offices.

## THE RANGOON ABDUCTION CASE.

### GIRL'S EXTRAORDINARY STORY.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, SEPTEMBER 14.

Before a crowded Court, to-day, Mah Noo, the abducted daughter of Maung Ohn Ghine, made a long statement before Mr. Western, Sub-Divisional Magistrate in regard to the circumstances connected with her abduction. She retracted her statement, made before the Deputy Commissioner of Meiktila, that she went away voluntarily.

After her abduction she said, she was rendered unconscious by the administration of a Burmese powder, from the effects of which the did not recover until she found herself in a boat. She refused to give the names of the party that escorted her up to Shweggyin, on the Sittang River, where the boat was concealed in kine grass. She landed only once on a sandbank owing to rough weather and once to pray at a pagoda.

On Wednesday night two Burmese women boarded the boat and persuaded her to copy a petition, stating that she went away voluntarily, on a promise of restoring her to her parents. She also admitted writing love letters to her abductor, but at his instigation. Upon seeing her brother-in-law at Meiktila she immediately elected to return with him to her parents. The case is creating intense excitement amongst the Burman and Asiatic classes who have to be forced back by the police to prevent them overcrowding the Court. The party on board the boat kept themselves posted with the measures being taken by the police for their arrest by getting local newspapers sent to them.

THE "Tribuna" states that the Vatican is about to open negotiations at Peking and Tokio for the institution of an Apostolic Delegation at Tokio and of a Nunciature at Peking.

AT the United Service Club farewell banquet to Lord Curzon on the 29th instant, Mr. Hewett, President of the Club, being in mourning, will not occupy the chair. Sir Arthur Fanshawe will take his place.

MR. A. D. MACKENZIE, the artist engaged on the Delhi Durbar Picture, has left Simla for Calcutta where he will finish his painting: it is expected that the picture will be completed about the 1st January. It will eventually be placed in the Victoria Memorial Hall.

## POONA RACES.

### A BIG MEETING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, SEPT. 14.

A big meeting was opened to-day under most favourable auspices. Attendance was one of the largest on record, a large number of sportsmen coming from up-country. Racing was very classic. The weather was rather warm during the day. In the afternoon a good breeze was blowing and made it cool. The races commenced punctually. The first was a hurdle race. Madura was soon installed a favourite and won easily. The big race of the day was the Trial Plate and was won by Dulcimer.

Results:—

The Yerrowda Plate.—Rs. 2,000, out of which second receives Rs. 400, and the third Rs. 200. A Hurdle Race for Horses. W. A. and C. raised 14lbs. Penalties.—Winners since 31st March, 1903, value Rs. 900; once, 7lb.; twice, of race value, Rs. 900. or of race value, Rs. 2,000 14lbs; oftener of race value Rs. 900 or of race value Rs. 4,000 21lbs. Allowances.—Maidens, 7lbs. Distance.—R. C. and distance, over 7 flights.

Hon'ble H Thellusson' Madeira 9st 7lbs... A Hoyt 1
Major G Moore's Daroji 10st.................. Johnson 2
Dr. Spooner Hart's g Pactolus 10st Morrison...... 3
Mr W H Walmsley's Jean Bart 9st 7lbs Lansdowne 4

Betting:—Evens Madeira, 3 Practolus, 9 Corrie Roy and Daroji and 15 rest the rest.

Won by 1 1-2 lengths; 6 lengths between second and third. Time 1min 12secs.

The Lilliputs.—Rs. 1,500 out of which second receives Rs. 300 and the third Rs. 200. For Arab ponies 13 3 and under new measurement, 13-3 to carry 8st. 12lbs. W. I. Penalties.—Winners since 31st March, 1903, of race value Rs. 900 or over: once, 4lbs, twice, 7lbs.; oftener, 12lbs. Winners since the above, date of races value as of the aggregate value of Rs. 5,000 or over, 4lbs. in addition to above penalties. Allowance.—Maidens, 5lbs. Distance—1-2 mile.

Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee's Bay Middelton 10st ............................ Foster 1
Lt Col J Desaraj Urs' Ptarmigan 8st 10lbs Evans 2
Mr W Morans's Young Gazelle 7st 9lbs ...Bennet 3
Mr. R. R. S's Rose 9st 5lbs ... .................. Ames 4

Betting:—2 to 1 against Rose and Bay Middleton, 3 to 1 Young Gazelle, 10 to 1 Ptarmigan and Plassey 2 to 1 Sabig and Jan Alum.

Won by a length, a head between second and third. Time 53 3-5 secs.

H. H. The First Aga Khan's Commemoration Plate.—Rs. 2,000. out of which second receives Rs. 400, and the third Rs. 200. For Arabs. W. A. reduced 7lbs. Penalties.—Winners since 31st March, 1903, of race value Rs. 900 or over: once, 4lbs.: twice, 7lbs.; oftener, 12lbs. Winner since the above date of races value as above of the aggregate value of Rs. 5,000, 4lbs., of Rs. 7,000 or over, 7lbs., in addition to above penalties. Allowances.—Maidens 5lbs.: Ponies 14 hands and under, new measurement, 5lbs. Distance.—1 1-4 miles.

Mr Ali bin Talib's Egypt 7st 4 lbs ............ O'neill 1
Mr Ali bin Talib's Hadhur 8st 3lbs............ Ames 2
Mr Ali bin Talib's b a h Hampstead 7st 11lb A Hoyt 3
Mr A Razak's Young Cardigan 8st 3lbs............ 4

Betting:—Evens Hadhur, 4 to 1 Gallant, 5 to 1 Bendige, 7 to 1 Berlin, Young Cardigan and Hampstead, 12 to 1 Lafly, Egypt, and Asad.

Won by a 1-4 length, 1-2 a length, dividing second and third. Time 2 min. 25 1-5 sec.

The Trial Plate.—Rs. 3,000, out of which second receives Rs. 600, and the third Rs. 400. For Horses. W. A. and C. reduced 7lbs. Penalties.—Winner since 31st March, 1903 race value, Rs. 2,000, 4lbs; value Rs. 4,000, 7lbs.; value 10 000, or over, 12lbs. Allowances.—Horses which have never won race value Rs. 1,000 or over, 5lbs. Maidens, 12lbs. (not accumulative). Horses which have never won race value Rs. 50 or over, distance 1 mile or upwards, 5lbs. additional. Distance.—1 mile.

Mr J C Galstaun's Dulcimer 8st 6lbs ... Robinson 1
Mr C Murray's Sacristan II 7st 4lbs ... .. Melson 2
Mr R R S' Chassepot 8st 11 ........................ Ames 3
H H The Kour Saheb of Patiala's Regio 8st 8lbs Southall 4

Betting:—Evens Regio, 3 to 1 Dulcimer, 2 Sacristan, 6 to 1 Chassepot, 12 to 1 Loch Clieveden, Courara, Royalist and Killevan.

Won by 1-2 a length; 1 1-8 lengths divided second and third. Time 1min. 55 secs.

The Maiden Plate. Rs. 2 000 out of which second receives Rs. 400, and the third Rs. 200. For Arab, Ponies 14 hands and under, new measurement, which have not won flat race value Rs. 900 or over previous to 1st January 1905. 14 hands to carry 9st 3lbs. W. I. Penalties. Winners since 31st December 19[illegible] a race value Rs. 700 or over once 4lbs; twice 7lbs, oftener 12lbs. Distance—7 furlongs.

Mr H B Pike's Bandit II 9st 4lbs ...... ..... Evans 1
Mr L H Spence's Zurriff 7st 13lbs ...... ..Melsom 2
Mr R R S's Tachreet 8st 12lbs ... ................Ames 3
Messrs G H S Mahomed and A A Saiff's Mooreed 8st 9lbs ....................................... Penton 4

Betting:—Evans Dilerjung 3 to 1 Tachreet, 6 Settler, Mooreed and Bandit, 12 Ajax and Sir Robert.

Won by a neck, 1 length between second and third. Time 1 min. 20 1-5 secs.

The New Plate.—Rs. 2 000, out of which second receives Rs. 400, and the third Rs. 200 For Ponies 14- and under, new measurement, which have not won flat race value Rs. 1 200 or over since 31st March, 1903 14-1 to carry 9st W. I. Penalties.—Winners since 31st March 1903 of a race value Rs. 600 or over once, 4lbs twice, 7lbs; oftener 12lbs. Distance.—5 furlongs.

Mr Percy Fischer's Key West 8st 9lbs ... .....Hoyt 1
Mr R J Hunter's Haydn 8st 3lbs .........Melson 2
Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee's Olga 8st 8lbs ...............................................Forster 3

Betting:—to 3-2; against Haydn 2 to 1 Quick Remedy and Olga, 4 Key West, 10 Lucretia and 20 to 1 Footlight.

Won by half a length; 1 1-2 lengths divided second and third. No time taken.

## LORD CURZON'S RESIGNATION.

Mr. Munshi Abdul Karim Muddaris, Hon. Secretary Anjuman-i-Ahbab has received the following from the Private Secretary to the Viceroy:—

Viceregal Lodge, Simla, September 10.

Dear Sir,—His Excellency the Viceroy desires me to express his acknowledgments to the Anjuman-i-Ahbab of Bombay for their kindness in preparing a valedictory address to present to him on the eve of his departure. His Excellency will be very much pleased to accept the address if you will kindly forward it to me, but he regrets that it will not be possible for him to receive it personally. His Excellency also desires me to thank you for the kind expression of your sentiments.

## BHOWNAGAR NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BHOWNGAR SEPT. 13.

Since last writing showers of rain have fallen this side plentifully and prospects are looking brighter. Mahoowa, Talaja, Kundla and Junha districts under Bhownagar have received sufficient rain and a bumper harvest is expected that side unless some unexpected circumstance intervenes. At Ranpur 2 inches 13 cents of rain fell during two days, while at Bhownagar 50 cents, and Dhola 53 cents, fell yesterday.

Rain is reported having fallen on Jetalser Dhola section. Crops from Dhoraji to Pavelimoti under Gondal are flourishing favourably. Jetalser Rajkote section has also received rain. At Botad further showers have fallen.

## FOREIGN TITLES.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—With reference to the queries and enquiries of one of your correspondents in the matter of Foreign titles conferred on British subjects, I beg to state that no British subject can accept or wear, foreign decorations, without the express consent of the British Government as you will see from the subjoined notes.—Everyman born in British India is a British subject, even if his parents be foreigners, and he is, therefore, bound by the regulations in force as regards foreign titles. Of course he can naturalize himself if he likes, and return to the nationality of his progenitors.—Yours, &c.,

Q.

REGULATIOS RESPECTING FOREINQ ORDERS.

Extract from the Foreign Office Orders 10 May 1855.

No subject of Her Majesty shall accept a Foreign order from the sovereign of any foreign country, or wear the insignia thereof without having privously obtained Her Majesty's permission to that effect, signified by a warrant under Her Royal sign manual.

2.—Such permission shall not be granted to any subject of Her Majesty, unless the Foreign order shall have been conferred in consequence of active and distinguished service before the enemy, either at sea or in the field, or unless he shall have been actually and entirely employed beyond Her Majesty's dominions, in the service of the Foreign sovereign, by whom the order is conferred.

## NASIK GOLF WEEK.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

NASIK, SEPT. 13.

After the fine weather of the last two days no one (at least no one who knows Nasik weather) felt much surprised when we woke this morning to find it raining heavily. Other parts of the country may have unseasonable spells of dry weather at this time of the year, but the "man of long experience," who declared that there never had been a golf week at Nasik without rain, and that this week would prove no exception to the rule, may comfort himself with the reflection that his prophetic reputation is secure for this year at any rate. When the first rounds for the Challenge Shield and the Captain's Cup competitions began about 7-30 this morning, there seemed to be small prospect of a break. However the clouds lifted about nine o'clock, and though the sun did not succeed in struggling through, we were spared the discomfort of playing the latter halves of our matches in the rain. Not that it mattered very much, for by that time the players were almost as wet as it was possible to be. As the result of this morning's play, Marshall, Cant, Stewart and Nicholson are left in to play the semi-final for the Challenge Shield, and Scott, Keys and Durnford with either Miller or Busch go on to the next stage for the Captain's Cup. The match between Busch and Miller had quite an exciting finish, for Busch was actually demy four at the 15th tee, yet lost all the remaining holes. The tie will be played off to-morrow over nine holes. The match between Scott and Brand proved a very close one, and was decided by the putt on the last green. In the match between Aitken and Nicholson, at a critical stage of the game Aitken unfortunately played his opponent's ball by mistake, and lost the hole.

In the afternoon the Handicap Forsomes competitions were carried a stage further, as will be seen from the table of results given below. The Scratch Foursomes were not played to-day, several of the players being engaged in the big event.

A handicap competition was arranged for both morning and afternoon, for the players who were out of the more important events. Owing to the rain in the morning, there were only six entries, Hunt Grubbe won with 90 minus 1=89, Sharman and Brickman tiling for second place with nett 90. In the afternoon there were 14 competitors, Radcliffe-Smith won the first prize with the excellent score of 91—3=88, and the second prize went to Busch with 102—13=89.

### RESULTS OF TO-DAY'S PLAY.

CHALLENGE SHIELD COMPETITION—SCRATCH PLAY.

Cant beat McLean, 5 up and 4 to play.
Marshall beat Radcliffe-Smith, 2 up and 1 to play.
Stewart beat Traill. 1 up.
Nicholson beat Aitken, 3 up and 2 to play.

CAPTAIN'S CUP COMPETITION—HANDICAP.

Scott beat Brand, 1 up.
Durnford beat Thew, 3 up and 2 to play.
Keys beat Haslope (who retired after 9 holes).
Bush and Miller finished up all square.

LADIES' COMPETITION FOR PRIZE PRESENTED BY J. J. HEATON ESQ. MATCH PLAY.

FORENOON.

Miss Manwaring (8) beat Miss M Leod (5), 3 up and 1 to play.
Mrs. Anderson (scr.) beat Mrs. Thubron (9), 3 up and 2 to play.
Mrs. Holmes (9) beat Miss Sargent (8), after a tie.
Miss Heaton (scr.) beat Mrs. Keys (8), 4 up and 2 to play.
Mrs Meade (9) beat Mrs. Traill (6), 5 up and 4 to play.
Mrs. Boyd (9) beat Miss Grey (9). W. O.
Mrs. Marshall (9) drew a bye.

AFTERNOON.

Miss Manwaring beat Mrs. Anderson, 4 up and 3 to play.
Miss. Heaton beat Mrs. Holomes, 4 up and 2 to play.
Mrs. Marshall beat Mrs Meade.
Mrs. Boyd has a bye.

HANDICAP COMPETITION MEDAL PLAY.

MORNING.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Hunt Grubb | 90 | — | 1 | = | 89 |
| Sharman | 97 | — | 7 | = | 90 |
| Brickmann | 108 | — | 18 | = | 90 |
| Macleod | 93 | Scr | | = | 93 |
| Greaves | 107 | — | 12 | = | 95 |

AFTERNOON.

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Radcliffe Smith | 91 | — | 3 | = | 88 |
| Busch | 102 | — | 13 | = | 89 |
| Col Meade | 105 | — | 14 | = | 91 |
| Hunt Grubbe | 92 | — | 1 | = | 91 |
| Sharman | 98 | — | 7 | = | 91 |
| Thew | 100 | — | 8 | = | 92 |
| Maclean | 94 | — | 2 | = | 92 |
| Aitken | 98 | — | 2 | = | 96 |

HANDICAB FOURSOMES. (Second round).

Cant and Jones beat Temple and Williams. 5 up and 4 to play.
Haslope and Stewart beat Cameron and Scott, 2 up and 1 to play.
Miller and Greaves beat Band and Cresswell, 1 up.
Durnford and Griffiths beat Sharman and Traill 6 up and 4 to play.
Meade and Heaton beat Busch and Brickmann 8 up and 7 to play.
Keys and Tennant beat Mackenzie and Jeffrey 6 up and 5 to play.

HANDICAP FORESOMES.—(semi final)

Keys and Tennant beat Mead and Heaton, 1 up.
Durnford and Griffiths beat Miller and Greaves, 4 up and 2 to play.

### THE FINALS.

NASIK, SEPT. 14.

The semifinals for the Challenge Shield and Captain's Cup were played this morning in bright sunny weather. Marshall beat Cant five up and four to play. Nicholson beat Stewart seven up and six to play. Busch and Miller played off the tie, Busch winning by one hole, Durnford beat Scott after two ties at the twenty-ninth hole. Busch beat Keys six up and four to play.

In the ladies' competition for Mr. Heaton's prize, Mrs. Meade beat Mrs. Boyd two up and one to play. Miss Manwaring and Miss Heaton tied twice and have to play again in the afternoon. Miss Manwaring won the tie against Miss Heaton, and Mrs. Meade beat Miss Manwaring three up, thus winning the prize.

Marshall beat Nicholson seven up and five to play, thus winning the Challenge Shield and Gold Medal in the handicap Foursomes. Durnford and Griffiths beat Keys and Tennant four up. Cant and Jones beat Haslope and Stewart six up in the handicap competition by medal play.

In the forenoon Thew made a score of 89 minus seven (82), thus winning the prize. Aitken took the second place with 92 minus two.

In the afternoon Radcliffe-Smith won with 90 minus three. Mcleod second with 90 minus two. Mclean and Hunt Grubbe went round in 94 each, Sewell in 95.

## MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

Poona Volunteer Rifle Corps.—Honorary Lieutenant and Quarter Master Thomas Todd resigns his appointment with effect from the 24th August.

2nd Battalion Bombay Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifles.—Captain Charles Hastings Mackie and Captain (Honorary Major) John Bell are transferred to the Supernumerary List with effect from the 1st August.

Further shipments of quick-firing field guns are expected next month.

Major Dougall, 6th Dragoon Guards, is permitted to retire on retired pay.

Captain Brinkley, Royal Warwickshire Regiment, will be placed on retired pay on the 31st October next on attaining the age limit.

Captain Spence, 39th Horse, is appointed Attache Intelligence Branch, Army Headquarters.

Quartermaster Sprent, Welsh Regiment, is appointed Assistant Superintendent of Army Clothing as a temporary measure.

The following is the programme of the first tour of inspection of the Inspecting Veterinary Officer Eastern Command, during 1905:—

Cawnpore, arrives 18th September, departure 20th September; Lucknow, arrives 20th September, departure 26th September, Naini Tal, arrives 27th September.

During the forthcoming tour in India of Their Royal Highnesses the Prince and Princess of Wales the custom with regard to dress on all official occasions, and at all entertainments when Their Royal Highnesses are present, should be the same as on similar occasions when the Viceroy is present.

## WOMEN'S INTERESTS.

### Meals, Motors and Measurements.

### THE VALUE OF FRIVOLITY.

### AN ADAMLESS EDEN.

LONDON, AUG. 25.

The two most interesting weddings of the week were those of Major Goring and Miss Starkey, and Major McMahon-Dillon and Miss Lansdale-Bradley. The marriage of Major Walter Goring, 3rd King's Own Hussars, second son of the late Rev. John Goring, of Wiston Park, Steyning, and Miss Jane Margaret Starkey, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Starkey, of Bodicote House, Banbury took place at Bodicote church. The Bishop of Reading performed the ceremony, assisted by the Rev. Osbert Mordaunt, uncle of the bride, and the Rev. Cannon Teesdale, vicar of the parish. The Rev. Stephen Cartwright presided at the organ, and the church was very tastefully decorated with palms and white flowers. The bride, who was given away by her father, wore a beautiful wedding-gown of ivory-white satin, with pearl embroideries, trimmed with chiffon and Honiton lace. The bride's bouquet was composed of Modonna lilies, lilies of the valley, white heather, and orange blossom. Her ornaments included a diamond locket, the gift of the bridegroom, and she wore a veil of very beautiful Honiton lace, the gift of her aunt, the late Mrs. Fetherston Dilke. The bridesmaids were Miss Milly, Miss Rosamund, and Miss Olive Starkey, Miss Isabel Little, and Miss Hester Wykeham. They wore dainty dresses of white Ninon de soie over white silk, trimmed with Valenciennes lace, and pink hats, prettily arranged with pink Malmaisons and soft draperies of tulle. They carried bouquets of pink Malmaisons to match and wore enamel and pearl brooches, the gifts of the bridegroom. The bride's train was carried by a little page, Master Noel Brooks, who wore a Court suit. Mr. Goring, eldest brother of the bridegroom was the best man. After the ceremony a reception was held at Bodicote House, and very numerously attended. The honeymoon will be spent in Cornwall. The bride's travelling-dress was of cream taffetas glace, with a waistbelt of rose-pink chine silk. With this she wore a hat of cream Irish lace, with a cream feather tipped with a rose-colour. The bridegroom's presents to the bride included a diamond and emerald necklace, a diamond and emerald ring, a jewelled hair ornament, a fur driving coat, and a fur rug. The bride presented the bridegroom with pearl studs and a gold and emerald pencil.

The latter named though it took place earlier in the week was at the Pro-Cathedral, Kensington (Our Lady of Victories). Major Henry Vincent McMahon-Dillon, R.A., M.C., being son of the late P. W. Dillan, M.D., and cousin of the late Marshal McMahon, Miss Mary Ellen Lonsdale-Bradley being the only daughter of the late Mr. Lonsdale-Bradley. The ceremony was performed by the Very Rev. J. J. Gallway, S. J., and Canon Fanning. Palms and lilies were used for decoration, and white flowers were arranged in the chancel and on the altar. The bride, who was given away by her cousin Mr. Richard Humphreys, wore a beautiful gown of ivory-white satin, trimmed tastefully with chiffon. The full Court train was satin, with chiffon draperies, and the bride wore also a veil of Limerick lace and a wreath of white heather and orange blossom. She carried a bouquet of white roses and lilies, the gift of the bridegroom. Miss Ida Phillips, Miss Kathleen and Miss Eileen McMahon-Dillon, and Miss Rose Krakosky acted as bridesmaids, and wore very dainty dresses of white muslin, with hats to match, trimmed with pale blue ribbon. They wore gold and enamel pendants, and carried bouquets, the gifts of the bridegroom. Lieut.-Colonel Turner, R.A., acted as best man. After the ceremony a reception was held at the Royal Palace Hotel, Kensington, and numerously attended by the friends of the bride and bridegroom. The honeymoon will be spent in Ireland and on the Continent. The bride's travelling costume was of cream cloth, worn with a hat to match and a long cream cloth coat, relieved with touches of pale blue.

Lord and Lady Dudley have returned to Dublin from Inver Lodge, Connemara and are entertaining a large house party at the Viceregal Lodge for the Horse Show. The Duke of Connaught is among their guests, on his way back from Westmeath, where he spent last week at Moydrum Castle, the seat of Lord Castlemaine, for the cavalry manœuvres near Athlone. The Viceregal house party also includes Lord and Lady Shaftesbury, Lady Limerick, Lady Maud Warrender, Lord Coventry, Lord Marcus Beresford, and a number of others; and Mr. Gerald and Lady Evelyn Ward and Mr. and Mrs. Cyril Ward arrived last week. There were some dinner parties at the Lodge, and a small dance on Wednesday, and Lady Dudley's concert took place on Thursday night. Lord Drogheda gave invaluable help in organising it, and Lord Shaftesbury, Lady Maud Warrender, and Lady Limerick all contributed to the programme. The Viceregal party have attended Ball's Bridge in State on Wednesday and Thursday, and Lord Dudley privately inspected the horses on the opening day, which is devoted to the judging.

That people who live in glass houses should not throw stones is an axiom with which we are all the familiar, but none of us ever dreamed that at any time it would have a literal meaning. Nowadays nothing may be regarded as wholly impossible, and certainly the glass house and the glass costume are not, for both have become accomplished facts. Of course we are now assured that there are no uses to which glass cannot be put, and the most absurd suggestions are put forth for employing it in lieu of the other materials. But for the present we shall have quite enough to amuse us in the glass house and its appointments, and above all in the glass fabrics now designed for wearing apparel. Naturally, one's primary idea of a glass residence, or, let us say a yachting costume in the same material, is one of the pitiless transparency. Visions of various friends seen as it were through a glass shade, made in the semblance of ordinary garment float before the mind, while blocks, of flat built entirely of glass would assuredly entirely outrival theatres, as places of entertainment. Happily, the glass bricks and tiles used for building purposes, and the woven glass fabrics for wearing apparel, are described as non-transparent. Both can be produced in almost any colours, but what wear and tear they will stand we are not told. It would be as bad to have a spur crashed against a glass dancing-gown as it now is to have it in contact with lace, and a stumble or a slip might leave one a mass of broken glass and—nothing more! The poet of the future will have a new field if the age of glass has really dawned, but on the other hand, the laundress will have no raison d'etre. Presumably we shall be simply sponged like horses when our garments require "doing up." Even Mr. Bernard Shaw should no object to glazed shirt fronts and collars in these circumstances.

A new alpaca costume has a nice fresh note in the form of a white pique collar and front. There is a clever way now in which a turn-down collar and the front are cut all in one, so that they can easily be detached for washing. This is just such a contrivance. That it is studded with pretty little gilt buttons adds to its pleasantness. The costume otherwise is just a simple alpaca that will serve its turn excellently, whether one is travelling north, south, east, or west, and especially south-east or west. In a holiday outfit, when one is moving to different places and experiencing fresh conditions, one's wardrobe must resolve itself into four elements—woollen, mohair, silk, and cotton. We want our tweeds and our alpaca for the journey by rail and and steamer, and our ceremonious taffeta and our cool muslin or lawn. There is, of course, nothing that keeps fresh and clean-looking through the most trying circumstances like alpaca, wherein lies its peculiar value to those who are touring about. This alpaca costume has a white pique waistband, with a gilt buckle to match the little buttons. One is, however, limited with regard to colour in this material. One doesn't care for black, it is rather too reminiscent of the counter. A white, on the other hand, is too light, pale colours do not sufficiently identify themselves with utility, and so it comes about that we are limited to dark blue or grey or beige colour, though the last is not so good as the two first, the brown shade, excepting in a beaver tone, being rather impossible in alpaca. In beaver, however, it is distinctly good. A nice alpaca of this beavery mole-colour had to be worn with it the prettiest little pale-blue felt hat draped with a pale-blue gauze veil. The felts that are being prepared for autumn trips are extremely pretty, so delightfully light and comfortable for railway travelling, and, of course, the brims turn up or down just as one prefers. It is always the brim that matters in one's knocking-about hat. That must be so soft and pliant.

Many have awakened to the possibilities of the dust coat! There were far-seeing women before the present season who adopted the garment, but they were counted merely by ones and twos; but this summer every women who understands how to dress has provided herself with a wrap which is useful in all manner of circumstances. One may make of the dust-cloak exactly what one will—a simple garment of alpaca or tussore, or a dream of elegance compounded of shot taffeta. Where economy need not be considered it is easy to arrange for both the utilitarian and the elegant. One does not care to arrive at a gardenparty in a covering of alpaca or tussoro, but the dainty taffeta which fits in with such an occasion would be unfit for travelling by train or steamer, when smuts from engines and the splash of flying spray have to be encountered. Then again on an afternoon drive even the coat of taffeta may be modified to any extent one pleases by laces, or, if the pocket will permit the coat may be of embroidered lawn set off by lace. To the women who, like most of us, must be content with a single summer clock the fabric to be recommended is silk tussore. One may obtain it simple enough for travelling and yet with an arrangement of lace about the shoulders and sleeves it becomes transformed into something in which one may attend a garden-party or race-meeting with pride. Nor is its usefulness ended there; for it may see a second season of life dyed to a grey, a brown, or a blue, all of which colours the material will take beautifully.

Which is worse—to be too serious or too frivolous? There can be no doubt about the matter so far as individuals are concerned, though all extremists are bores. The perpetually lively, feather-brained, pleasure-crazed creature is almost, if not quite, as irritating as the deadly serious individual. Both types are heavily represented just now in hotels, but, "a propos" of the accusation recently lodged against us that as a nation we are becoming too frivolous one cannot help saying that we are a great deal livelier than we were a few years ago, and for this relief assuredly we have cause to be thankful. We were deadly dull half a century ago—nay, divide this period by two and we shall find that there was not much to be said for us in the late seventies; but it is astonishing how we have learned to amuse ourselves and attract others to our shores within recent years. In consequence we are accused of having become too frivolous. It seems to me that we have just got matters nicely balanced. This is an age when we are perpared to be cranks on the slightest provocation. People crave for mission, they wallow in philanthropy, they pounce with avidity on new religions, they will plunge into politics or write attacks on women society, the degeneracy of the age, or anything else that gives them an opportunity of airing what they call their views. So surely, if "desipere in loco" were not occasionally to be permitted to us, it is fearful to think what we should become. Our frivolity is the antidote to the twentieth century disposition towards crankiness. It really keeps us sane.

A medical journal has made the discovery that the motor is responsible for a marked change in the character of afternoon tea. We have been gradually restoring it to its erstwhile position as a regular meal. Increase of appetite has come with the motor, and airy fairy bread-and-butter and thimblefuls of tea will not satisfy the automobilist who has been rushing through the air at the highest possible speed. One was prepared to hear that this augmented hunger meant all-round ruin. One expceted at least to be warned that this was the last straw to break the national digestion, that after this we could no longer hope to have a nerve left owing to excessive tea-bibbing, and that we might expect to literally eat ourselves into extinction as a nation; but, on the contrary, it is comforting to learn that it is all for the best. The tea hour may be regarded as a little oasis in the desert of the day's ceaseless activity. If we eat more then, we are comforted with the assurance that dinner tends to become lighter and lighter; but there is the lurking fear that we shall not similarly grow lighter, but rather find that more subsantial teas mean more than increase of appetite.

While we are making a great outcry about the decline of our birthrate, the question of population has been finally settled on the other side of the Atlantic. Man, we have just been told, is dying out. The time is at hand when he will be in a ridiculons minority. Girl babies practically have it all their own way, so far as the birthrate is concerned. They come in greater numbers and "J'y suis j'y reste" appears to be the determination of each one, for the boys die more readily, and the proportion of women to men steadily increases. Woman is growing physically stronger, she is forcing man into the background in fields of labour, she is declining motherhood, in short, man, in the forcible language of our kin beyond sea, will very soon be a back number. So there can be no manner of doubt as to his ultimate fate. This seems to settle the population questionat once. Only get rid of man, and there the subject closes But in these circumstances the reign of woman, which is said to be beginning, is not likely to be a long one. An Adamless Eden, however well managed and however enjoyable it might be, could not go on after a certain time; so, though man may become a back number, he must at least be saved from going out of print, unless the world's circulation is to be entirely stopped.

## BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

**The "Bombay Government Gazette," Sept. 14.**

Mr Janardan Laxman Kale Mamlatdar to be a nominated member of the Taluka Local Board of Shahapur in the Thana District vice Mr Chhaganlal Harilal resigned.

Mr Ibrahim S D Ahmadi Executive Engr to be a nominated member of the Dist Local Board of Thana vice Mr P H Patuck resigned.

Mr Haji Ismail Patel to be a nominated councillor of the Municipal Board of Surat vice Khan Bahadur Gulam Mustafa resigned.

The election of Mr Dinkar Ganesh Patwardhan Mamlatdar as Vice-President of the Erandol Municipality in the Khandesh Dist is approved.

Mr Vishnu Sadashiv Kelkar Mamlatdar is nominated a councillor of the Satara Suburban Municipality vice Mr Vishnu Bhaskar Phatak resigned.

Mr Govind Jagannath Padhye Mamlatdar is nominated a member of the Taluka Local Board of Bhimthadi in the Poona Dist vice Mr Bhaskar Balwant Sahasrabudhi resigned.

Mr Vishnu Sadashiv Kelkar Mamlatdar is nominated a member of the Taluka Local Board of Satara vice Mr Vishnu Bhaskar Phatak resigned.

Mr Shrikrishna Khanderao Bengali Mamlatdar is nominated a member of the Taluka Local Board of Kopargaon in the Ahmednagar Dist vice Mr Imdadalli Roshanali resigned.

Mr Imdadalli Roshanalli Mamlatdar is nominated a member of the Taluka Local Board of Jamkhed in the Ahmednagar Dist vice Mr Shrikrishna Khanderao Bengali resigned.

Mr Govind Jivaji Apte acting Mamlatdar is nominated a member of the Taluka Local Board of Akola in the Ahmednagar Dist vice Mr Balkrishna Mahadev Chitale resigned.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr Krishnalal Kirparam Thakore B A L L B is confirmed in the appointment of Dist Govt Pleader and Public Prosecutor for the Dist of Broach.

The Dist Judge of Bijapur has granted Mr Subaji Sheshgir Phadnis Subordinate Judge Bijapur one month's privilege leave on half pay from the 5th Sept.

Mr Vinayak Parashuram Bhagavat to practise as a Pleader in the Khandesh Dist.

Mr Trimbak Ganesh Sabnis to practise as a Pleader in the Thana Dist.

Mr Ramchandra Sadashiv Vaidya him to practise as a Pleader in the Thana Dist.

Mr Laxman Yeshwant Deshpande to practise as a Pleader in the Satara Dist.

Mr Vaman Moreshwar Dhakras to practise as a Pleader in the Ratnagiri Dist.

Mr Shiavaksh Adarji Goghavla M A LL B is admitted as a Vakil of the High Court.

Mr Balvant Krishna Kulkarni a to practise as a Pleader in the Dharwr Dist.

Mr Ramchandra Raghavendra Kembhavi to practise as a Pleader in the Bijapur Dist

Mr Kashinath Krishna Abhyankar acting Head Karkun Taluka Jamkhed in the Ahmednagar Dist acted as Mamlatdar of the same taluka from the 2nd to the 15th August both days inclusive.

The following transfers of Assist Collrs of Salt Revenue are made:—Mr W L Lake from the Uran Range to the Ratnagiri Range, Mr G H Belcham from the Ratnagiri Range to the Kharaghoda Range, Mr H G Bulkley from the Kharahoda Range to the Thana Range and Mr F G Hutchinson from the Thana Range to the Uran Range.

Consequent on the retirement of Mr A Z Fernandez Head Gauger Uran Distillleries:—Mr A F DeLima Dist A'bkari Inspector Athni North Belgaum Dist to be Head Gauger Uran Distilleries and Mr C C Hurst a candidate to be Inspector and to do duty as Dist A'bkari Inspector Athni North Belgaum Dist vice Mr DeLima.

Assist Surg G G Bopardikar is granted privilege leave for one month and fifteen days with effect from the 28 Aug.

Assist Surg G G Kusumbekar L M and S is appointed to the medical chage of the Sundardas Mulji Dispensary Jalgaon with effect from the 28 Aug vice Assist Surg G G Bopardikar granted leave.

## UNIVERSITY REFORMS.

### REPRESENTATION BY GRADUATES.

The Bombay Graduates' Association. has addressee the following letter to the Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor, and fellows of the University of Bombay:—

Gentlemen,—We have been directed by the Council of the Bombay Graduates' Association to submit the following representation for the consideration of the Senate in connection with some of the important changes in the Rules and Regulations of the University recommended by certain Committees, specially appointed by the Senate for this purpose on the 7th of April 1905, in pursuance of Section 25, subsection 2, of the Indian Universities' Act.

The first and the most important of the proposed changes relates to the future constitution of the different Faculties. The proposed rule in this behalf seeks to restrict the present discretion of the Senate by laying down the limitation that no Fellow shall be assigned to more than one Faculty. It provides further that the one Faculty to which a Fellow may be assigned should ordinarily be determined by his professional degree of qualification, that Fellows holding no Degrees or qualifications in Medicine, Law or Engineering should be assigned to the Faculty of Arts, and that in the case of Fellows holding Degree or qualifications in two different Faculties it should be open to the Senate to assign them to one or the other Faculty. This proposal involves a grave departure from the practice which has hitherto obtained in our University, and is, in the opinion of the Council, fraught with serious consequences injurious to the best interests of the University. The result of adopting the proposal would be to debar some of the Fellows holding high qualifications in Arts, who also happen to possess the additional qualifications of holding Degrees in Law, Medicine or Engineering from serving on the Faculty of Arts and electing or being themselves elected as Syndics in Arts, while other Fellows with no Degrees or academic qualifications will be eligible for such election. The Council know of no sufficient reason for initiating a practice which will lead to such undesirable result. The Council further beg to point out that the provision contained in Section 14, subsection 2, clause (b) will not in any way mitigate the evil which the operation of proposed rule must necessarily involve, even if the said Section can be used for co-opting to a Faculty ordinary Fellows of the University, assigned to another Faculty, which the Council venture to doubt. For, a Fellow so co-opted to a Faculty, however desirable a representative he might be for that Faculty, will not be eligible for election to the Syndicate by that Faculty, nor will he be able to influence the most important function vested in that Faculty, namely the election of proper Syndics to represent it and to carry on the whole of executive work of the University. The Council base their objection to the proposal on the following-ground:—

(a) A close study of the history of the present system of allowing Fellows to serve on more then one Faculty shows that if the rule had been otherwise the University would have been deprived in the past of the services of some of the best men, then available, on the Syndicate as well as on the different Facutlies.

(b) The Council further think that the objection urged against the present practice on the ground that it involves the evil of plurality of votes is a very superficial one when closely examined. A Fellow assigned to two Faculties does not get a double vote in each Faculty, but gets only one in each Faculty, to which his attainments and qualifications render it desirable in the interests of the University to assign him. Moreover the Council venture to say that it is arguing from an altogether mistaken standpoint to endeavour to determine the desirability or otherwise of a rule on such considerations as the smaller or greater advantages it would confer on particular Fellows. The only legitimate standpoint ought to be, the Council beg to submit, what system will secure the best interests of the University, irrespective of individual considerations, and from that point of view, the Council have no hesitation in saying, that the present system has resulted in securing for the University a proper and efficient Syndicate. Only those Fellows who hold Degrees for qualifications in more than one Faculty are at present allowed to serve on two Faculties, and not others. The Council cannot see any reasonable objection to Fellows duly qualified being allowed to vote in more than one Faculty.

The next point which the Council of the Association think it necessary to refer to relates to the question of creating a new Faculty of Science. It is long since the Degree of B. Sc. was instituted in our University, and the time has now come when a further impetus to the study of Science should be given by constituting a separate Faculty for it. The present combination of Arts and Science is to a certain extent anamolous; and the Council think that the interests of the higher study of Science will be best served by having a separate Faculty of Science. The Universities. Commission's Report and the Resolution of the Government of India thereon recommend the formation of a Faculty of Science and the Council consider that the recommendation was well founded.

As regards the constitution of the Syndicate the Council think it desirable to have a large a number of Fellows on it as is possible under the provisions of the Indian Universities' Act, so as to leave a sufficient margin for the adequate representation of the non-educational element on the Syndicate. The present number of Syndics is 15 and there is no reason advanced why that number should be reduced to 12, as proposed. In view of the fact that the Deans in the several Faculties will not remain ex-officio Syndics under the proposed Rule, whilst the Director of Public Instruction will be ex-officio a member thereof and represent the Faculties of Arts, the relative proportion of the representatives of the various Faculties on the Syndicate is seriously altered. The Council venture to think that it is therefore necessary to allot a larger proportion of the Syndics to the important Faculties of Law and Medicine.

As regards the inspection of Colleges the Council of the Association think that the Rules should clearly provide that the inspection shall not be entrusted to any gentleman connected with any of the rival private or aided Colleges in the Presidency, and that at least half the number of gentlemen appointed to conduct the inspection should be such as are not directly connected wit the teaching staff or the management of any of the Colleges affiliated to the University. It would be objectionable on principle to allow the Professors of private rival Colleges to sit in judgment upon the working of another rival institution, Such an arrangement would result in serious friction and misunderstanding. As regards inter-Collegiate transfers the Council strongly object to an elaborate and unnecessarily hard and restrictive set of rules to be observed and enforced by Colleges affiliated to the University in respect of the transfer of students. It is desirable to leave as much freedom to the students in this matter as is consistent with a certain standard of discipline, which the Council think will be sufficiently maintained if care is taken to see that no student leaves a college to join anothe without payment of all dues. Clauses (E) and (F) of Rule 6 in the Report of the Committe (C) would, the Council consider, be quite sufficient for the purpose. They think that the other conditions are unnecessary. The proposed Rule 7, which forbids, except under extreme circumstances, the transfer of a student from one College to another in the course of a term, should they are of opinion be dropped. The payment of a double fee which the change of a College in the middle of a term will involve is a sufficient guarantee against any unnecessary or unreasonable change of College during the course of a term. A student may find it necessary to change his College in the middle of a term for a variety of reasons into which it would not be reasonable to inquire too curiously. The Council also think that Rule No. 8 in the Report of the Committee should be omitted. It is difficult to see the reason of a rule which requires the Principal to report to the Syndicate each case of admission and also "state the reasons why" the student had been so admitted.

The Council of the Association beg to point out that it is very undesirable to have any hard and fast rules in the matter of provision of residential quarters for their students by the various Colleges. Infant institutions would thereby be seriously handicapped. The fact should never be lost sight of that even the oldest and best equipped of our existing Colleges have had a hard struggle before reaching their present condition and have not yet been able to make adequate arrangements for the residence of their students. It should always be remembered that if regulations like these had been in force in the past these Colleges would never have come into existence at all. The Council also consider that regard being had to the varying conditions and requirements of different places, as also to the habits and customs of the people, it is best to leave the matter of residence and conduct of students in the hands of the Principals of the Colleges, as at present. If however, there is to be any rule in the matter it is desirable to fix a certain minimum percentage of the students for which Colleges may be required to provide residential quarters, instead of leaving it as proposed to the Syndicate to fix varying percentages for different Colleges.

As regards the recommendations of Committee (D) under clause (0) of Section 25 subsection (2) for the registration of schools and the conditions to be fulfilled by candidates for the Matriculation Examination, the Council of the Association think that the proposed rules are unduly severe in regard to the recognition of schools for the purpose of preparing candidates for the Matriculation Examination and are likely to check the future growth of private enterprise. Moreover, the rules are too indefinite and will lead to varying standards of what provision and equipment are sufficient for recognising a school. The Syndicate of one year might have different views of the standard to be applied from those of the Syndicate of another year. Great inequaliti of treatment and consequent injustice and hardship are likely to result from the proposed rules.

The Council object in particular to clause (1) of rule III which lays down as a condition for registration that the school should supply a want in the locality in which it is situated, to clause (4) of the same rule which requires that the school should be housed in suitable buildings and be adequately equipped, and to clause (5) of the rule which requires that the fees charged in the school should be reasonable. These tests are so indefinite that their practical application will involve serious difficulties and may result not only in injustice but also in a fatal blow to the spread of education.

The Council of the Association consider that Rules IV and V in the Report are highly objectionable. They are of opinion that it is very undesirable that the University should in any awy be dependent upon the Educational Department for its decision as regards the recognition of schools. There is no reason why it should be made positively upon the Syndicate to make a reference to the Educational Department.

The Council very strongly object to Rule IX requiring the students who have not attended any registered school for at least three years and have studied privately to procure in addition to their tutor's certificate another certificate from the Head master of a Registered School or the Educational Inspector of a Division or the Principal of an affiliated College, recommending him after examination as a suitable candidate for the examination, on the following grounds:—

(1) The rule altogether prevents students from appearing at the examination privately without the intervention of one of the authorities mentioned in the Rule; and so far an unnecessary obstacle is placed in the way of students qualifying themselves for the examination by private study. The Legislature has recognised the possibility of students going up for the examination without being sent up by any of the recognised schools—S. 25 subsection 2 Clause O, which is to a large extent nullified by the proposed rule.—

(2) That there is no obligation on the authorities mentioned in the Rule to examine private students and to give them the certificates contemplated by the rules, and in the absence of such obligation, which the University has no authority to impose, there would be great practical difficulty in the way of the students getting the required certificates.

As regards the Report of Committee (E) recommending a radical change in the courses laid down for the various University Examinations the Council are strongly of opinion that it would be highly advisable to adopt for the present the existing Rules and Regulations in this behalf. After the new Faculties and Syndicate are constituted, any proposals as to changes in the existing curriculum may be brouget before the Senate after they have been duly considered by the new Faculty of Arts and by the new Syndicate. There is no particular reason at present to make any wholesale changes. The Council venture to think that it would be disastrous to open up, all at the same time, every important question settled in the past after great deliberation and arrive at conclusions about them in a hurry. Moreover, the Colleges as Colleges have not been consulted on the various proposals and the Council think that no great changes in the system should be under taken without first consulting the new existing Faculty of Arts, when formed and the various Colleges.

In any case, the Council of the Association think that there should be three examinations for the Degree of Arts, as at present and that History and Political Economy should from part of the compulsory subjects for the B. A. Examination. These subjects were introduced in the compulsory B. A. Course as the result of the deliberations of a strong Committee, and there are no convincing reasons brought forward for their removal. It would be very undesirable to lower the standard for the B. A. degree, which must be the inevitable result of removing from the compulsory course such important subjects as History and Political Economy. If the existing burden is believed to be too heavy the remedy should be sought in other measures.—We beg to, &c.

PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA,
President and Chairman of the Council.
RUSTAM K. R. CAMA,
D. G. PADHYE,
LALLUBHAI A. SHAH,
Honorary Secretaries.

## NAGPUR NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

NAGPUR, SEPT. 12.

THE Hon'ble Mr. J. O. Miller, Chief Commissioner of these Provinces, who has from the 29th ultimo been at Jubbulpore, left that station on Monday on tour through Katni, Damoh and Saugor. He arrived at Katni the same day and left Katni at 7 o clock yesterday morning. He arrived at Damoh at 11-40 and after a brief stay here, left at 12-30 P.M. for Saugor which he reaches to-day. Mr. Miller stays here for a day and a half, when he leaves for Jubbulpore again, arriving there early on Friday morning.

Mr. C. E. Low, the Director of Agriculture, in the Central Provinces, is now on tour. He paid Bombay a visit on the 28th ult., hoping there to learn more modern methods pertaining to agriculture. His peregrinations embrace all the principal agricultural districts. Mr. Low arrives here on the 29th inst., after an absence of nearly two months. It is hoped that the experience gained during this period will be productive of much good to these Provinces, which depend so much on agriculture.

Mr. F. G. Sly, the Acting Director-General of Agriculture in India, after a rather prolonged stay here left for Simla yesterday afternoon. He returns to Nagpur early in November to resume the portfolio of Director of Agriculture in these Provinces from Mr. C. E. Low, when Mr. Mollison, now on leave, resumes office.

The Right Rev. Dr. Eyre Chatterton, the Lord Bishop of the Central Provinces and Central India, has paid Nagpur a ten-day visit, during which period he presided over a conference of all the ministers in his diocese. Nagpur is a fast growing town and the population of the place has likewise increased especially the Christian portion. Hence the principal and olny place of worship for the members of the Church of England, the All Saints' Church, has been found inadequate to meet the demand and needs extension. This was one of the questions that came under the purview of his Lordship Dr. Chatterton, and it was finally decided to carry out the necessary extension with the utmost despatch. The question of the erection of his Lordship's palace here was also considered, but I believe this has been shelved for the present, his Lordship taking up the matter seriously after his return from leave in March next. Procrastination is never commendable, especially is it so in this instance, when the members of the diocess want to see their spiritual leader solidly established in their midst, instead of, as now, only seeing him twice or thrice a year for but brief periods.

The health of the city of Nagpur is as it has been for the past fortnight, normal. But all anxious for the health of the city note with regret the slow but steady advance of plague. The mortality returns of Akola Town, Akola District and Buldana indicate a very perceptible advance in the virulence of the epidemic. The only preventive, inoculation, seems to have been tried, but the results have not proved very conclusive. Hence people are chary, especially those who remember the misfortune of Malkowal.

That most talked of theme, the crops, has not yet ceased to cast the gloom surrounding it notwithstanding the fact that it has been raining here and surrounding districts for the past fortnight, for the crop report contains a sound or two of distress. The rainfall of the week was heavy in Sambalpur, in the Murwara tahsil of the Jubbulpore district and in the Hinganghat tahsil of Wardha, and fairly heavy in the Rehli Tahsil of Saugor, Mandla and Raipur report falls of 3 inches each, while Betul, Bhandara and Bilaspur report falls of 2 inches each. Over the rest of the Provinces there was little or no rain. The crops are progressing satisfactorily in Seoni, Raipur, and except in parts of the Baihar and Kutanji transplantation is completed in Bolaghat. Chanda, Brahmapuri and Warora tahsils record long breaks. Spinning operations are progressing in Bilaspur, Sambalpur and Raipur. However Damoh—where Mr. Miller is now inquiring into the state of the district—Chhindwara and Raipur want more rain. In the latter district tanks have not yet filled, and unless this takes place says the Commissioner of Settlement and Land Records, the outurn of rice will be very poor. In Damoh, where the area sown with autumn crops is 25 per cent. larger than last year, rice is estimated to yield, with more rain, about 80 to 100, and juar and til 100 to 100. Parts of Amraoti and Buldana, which reported scarcity of fodder and water, have since been favoured and it is hoped the cry of want has now ceased.

Owing to the heavy rain we have been having for the past fortnight sports of all kinds have completely ceased, and a damper has been thrown on sportive spirits. Of the numerous clubs which weekly strive one aginst the other for the palm of victory, it was pleasant to notice the Printers' C. C. emerge from their cases, frames and racks with bat and ball.

The Printers' C. C. played the Royal Scots detachment, located at the Sitabuldi Fort, on Sept. 3, and beat them by an innings and 14 runs.

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## BRIDGE BEHAVIOUR.

THE game of Bridge has taken such a strong hold on the imagination of so many people who speak the English language that it seems to me to be hardly necessary to apologise, with even feigned humility, for writing a short essay on the subject of behaviour at Bridge, intended as it is in the main for beginners.

Bridge depends so entirely on the good behaviour of the players towards each other, and towards the game itself, that it cannot be intelligently played without some knowledge of the required behaviour and a determined effort to adhere rigidly thereto.

I propose, therefore, to draw up a few short precepts for the guidance of beginners of both sexes, in order to help them to enjoy the game and make it enjoyable to those who play with them, writes the Hon. R. C. Grosvenor in the "Westminster."

Let us suppose the Bridge table to be formed and the four players duly seated—there arises at once a point of etiquette relating to the deal which, in my experience, is very frequently disregarded by beginners and sometimes even by those who ought to know better; the point is this, that the dealer has the right to shuffle the cards last before dealing, and it is a breach of etiquette for anyone at the table to take the dealer's pack of cards in hand and place them in such a position that the player on the dealer's right hand is tempted to cut them (and not infrequently does so) without giving the dealer a chance of shuffling. The player on the right hand of the dealer should never cut the cards until they are presented to him "by the dealer" for that purpose.

The deal being completed, we come at once to the important question of behaviour connected with the necessary declartion by the dealer or his partner; and I am not without hope that the two suggestions which I have drawn up on this subject will be found to be useful as a guide to beginners, and worthy also of consideration by many players who cannot be classed as novices. They are as follows:

1. That the dealer should allow a reasonable time to elapse, in every instance, before deciding whether he will make the declaration himself or leave the decision to his partner.

That on making the declaration, whether by the dealer or his partner, no word or other indication of any kind should be allowed to escape from either of them giving any hint as to the contents of their hands.

As regards No 1, the reasons in favour of it will, I think, be sufficiently obvious to all those who are in the habit of playing the game regularly. If the dealer, after a hasty glance at his cards and without a moment's hesitation, leaves the declaration to his partner, the inference must obviously be that he has no strength whatever in his hand, and his partner gets a hint as to the state of the case which clearly ought not to be given, if on the other hand, the dealer takes a long time in making up his mind he gives a different kind of clue to his partner who will act upon the assumption that he may rely on him (the dealer) for some strong support. For these reasons I have used the words reasonable time which I will attempt to define. The dealer should I think in every instance sort his cards carefully and slowly, and should then look through them again slowly from end to end, however indifferent or even worthless they may be; if this suggestion be adhered to neither the dealer's partner nor his adversaries will be able to form any idea as to the contents of his hand, and in nearly all cases he will have given himself sufficient time to decide what is best to be done, even when the decision is not altogether free from doubt, without attracting attention to the difficulties which the cards may present to his mind. I admit, however, that occasions may arise when longer consideration is necessary, whatever the effect of it upon the other players may be.

As regards No. 2, it applies chiefly to the occasions on which the declaration is left to the dealer's partner. How often has it been one's fate to hear some such ejaculations from the dealer as the following: "Spades! What a bore! I wish I had made trumps myself!" or, Diamonds! If I had only known that I should have done something quite different"—i. e., made no trumps. There are a considerable variety of modes of expressing exaltation or depression all of which should be rigorously avoided for the sake of the game; both the dealer and his partner should cultivate an absolutely passive and Sphinx-like demeanour during the critical period of the declaration.

Whist I am on the subject of demeanour I may add, I think without fear of contradiction, that it is extremely desirable at Bridge to cultivate an impassive and good-humoured manner "throughout the play," and to remember that in this, as in almost every game, whether connected with the combination of hand and eye, or with the use of the brain only, the good-humoured people are those who give most pleasure to others in playing the game, and probably therby secure conditions as favourable as possible towards their own success. I admit with the utmost humility that such a manner is extremely difficult to acquire if one is not endowed with it under ordinary circumstances, but I think that the knowledge of its importance is helpful in itself.

I have now arrived at the point where behaviour during the play of the hand must be dealt with and the following suggestion seems to me to be so important that I should like to see it set up in a frame in the largest possible type on the walls of all card-rooms and other places where Bridge is frequently played:

The politeness of Bridge requires that all cards as to the playing of which no doubt can exist in the mind of the player, should be played out with the utmost quickness consistent with reasonable care,

Reasonable quickness is to my mind an indispensable condition as regards pleasure in playing Bridge, and I believe that the common experience of Bridge-players will support me when I say that one very slow player at a table altogether spoils the enjoyment of the other three; there is no need whatever for careless haste, but if the game is to be really enjoyed there must be no unnecessary delay. Beginners, however, who are prepared to act on this maxim must beware (1) "of drawing their cards out of their hands ready to play, and (2) of playing hurriedly out of their turn; both these errors are likely to give information to their opponents at critical moments.

I do not propose to discuss the moral question as to whether a player, having in his hand, say, an ace single, is or is not entitled to indulge in long hesitation before playing it to the suit which has been led, with the object of deceiving his opponents as to the number of cards he holds in that suit; but I lay it down as a general proposition for players of all sorts and kinds that all cards which must of necessity be played to the card that has been led should be played out with reasonable quickness, and my reason for this view is that the failure to comply with it tends to make the game wearisome.

When we come to consider the question of leading the case is different, and in very many hands at Bridge some time must be allowed for due consideration as to what is best to be done; but beginners should avoid the habit of fingering and half-drawing out of their hands several cards before deciding finally on the one which is to be played; such a habit is unnecessary in itself and really distressing to the nerves of the other players who have to wait for the final decision.

I have observed that players who fall into this habit generally do so because they have lost what I may call the threads of the hand, and have no idea what they ought to lead; when this happens my opinion is that it is better to lead any card quickly rather than to lead "some" card after long delay The same apology will meet the circumstances in "either" case, should apology become necessary, and possible friction caused by irritated nerves will be avoided.

Another terrible defect also seems to haunt beginners; when playing with dummy they appear to experience a most trying inability to remember from which of the two hands the lead ought to come. All players are liable to error in his respect sometimes, and I cannot understand why they should be prevented from ascertaining the true state of the case by referring to the last completed trick, but this is quite a different matter from that of playing with people who hardly ever remember whether the lead is in their own hand or in that of their dummy. No doubt the habit of recollecting correctly where the lead should come from is greatly strengthened by practice at Bridge, but beginners cannot too soon take to heart the importance of acquiring it.

Finally, I make the confession that much of what I have written amounts to a counsel of perfection to which in many respects I cannot claim to have personally attained; but I cling to the belief that there are many Bridge players who will read what I have said with interest and some even with applause. In any case, I have set down what appeared to me to be useful in the interests of an amusing and in some respects fascinating game.

## THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a. m., yesterday, give the following results:—

| Wards. | Plague Attacks. | Plague Deaths. | Deaths from all Causes |
|---|---|---|---|
| A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade ... | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri.............. | 0 | 0 | 7 |
| C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbharwada .......................... | 2 | 2 | 21 |
| D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahaluxmi .......................... | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada............................ | 0 | 0 | 21 |
| F Parel, Sewree and Sion ... | 1 | 1 | 9 |
| G Mahim and Worli ............ | 0 | 0 | 1 |
| Water Division ...................... | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| North-Resident and Unknown | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Hospitals ................................ | 0 | 0 | 4 |
| Total................ | 4 | 4 | 75 |
| Total plague deaths to date... | 304,583 | 925,938 | |
| Same date last year ............ | 9 | 7 | 86 |

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## M. A. P. IN THE GREEN ROOM.

Wonderful things are happening to the Empire Theatre. Were they not themselves closely concerned with the alterations of auditorium and stage, its own manager and its own stage-manager might not recognise it in a few weeks' time. But Mr. H. J. Hitchins and Mr. George Capel, acquainted with every fresh change in the process of transformation, lose sight of no point which marks the old Empire from the new, so that it will only be the visitor, when he visits it after the extensions are completed, who will open his eyes in amazement, and ask himself if this can really be the Empire. I am told that the enormous sum of £40,000 has been laid out on the improvements. Looking only at what has been accomplished up to the present, and taking no haphazard stock of continuing operations, it is not difficult to understand the need for such vast expenditure. Stage machinery is an expensive luxury, especially when it happens to be designed to do things that have never been done before—such things, in nature, as the Hippodrome began and the Coliseum carried on; and the person who is versed in such matters would not be surprised if he were told that the new stage at the Empire had consumed considerably more than half of the £40,000.

And business is being carried on as usual during alterations—not the business of the theatre but the business of the stage. The new ballet something much shorter than usual, and not unlikely to be named. "The Bugle Call," is in rehearsal. Without containing the ingredients for another sketch or stage play dispute, the incidents of the ballet will have their connecting links. Mr. Wilhelm, the designer of the dresses and the inventor of the book for every ballet has words to suit the action though they are not actually spoken—knows by experience how far to go in such matters, and may safely be relied upon to steer clear of the vexatious rocks of a question which promises to remain unsettled for as long as that of musical piracy itself. The music of the new ballet is charged with melody to an uncommon extent; this is because Mr, Sidney Jones, composer of The Geisha the best of all the Daly's productions is responsible for it. Mr. Jones can be Wagnerian when he likes—that is when a situation requires him to go mad with the brass; but he is essentially a melody-maker, and he could not write stodgy and uninteresting music if he tried.

When Mdlle. Genee revisits the scene of her many triumphs in Leicester Square, she will be supported by a dancer who, although for so long connected with musical comedy, was really brought up in the more classic school of the ballet. Miss Topsy Sinden has been dancing ever since she was a little child of five. The daughter of a gentleman who was associated with Mme. Katti Lanner in the earlier days of her academy, she took to the sport of Terpsichore as a duck takes to water, and under her father's tuition, and latter as a pupil of Mme. Lanner alone, she learns and mastered every known step and turn of her art. At the age of twelve the girl could give a remarkably accurate exhibition of the dances of every nation, and she had not reached fifteen when she was engaged by Mr. George Edwardes as solo dancer at the Gaiety Theatre, where she instantly made her hit with the public. Thoroughly in love with her work and willing ever to devote herself to its perfection, she has neither time nor inclination for the frivolities of life; so that in Mdlle. Genee, who is famous for her industry and her worldly wisdom, she meets with a kindred spirit. Brother to this popular little dancer is Mr. Bert Sinden, who has been engaged by Mr. Charles Frohman for the revival in December, at the new theatre, the Aldwych, of "Bluebell in Fairyland."

Mr. J. M. Hamilton, a clever artist in black and white, and the founder of the Glasgow Theatrical Annual, a bright little publication which at one time was very popular, is good enough to put me right in the matter of Mr. Leo Stormont's appearance on the stage as an actor. I wrote of his performance of Rob Roy at the Hippodrome in such a way as to suggest that this was his first attempt at acting, but I wrote without knowledge of the fact that some years ago the vocalistactor was a bold outlaw, well known to the theatre-goers of Glasgow, and ranked with Mr. Charles Glenny and the late J. B. Howard, both Macgregors of some distinction. When I saw the handsomely-produced version of Rob Roy, at the Hippodrome, it seemed to me a little unfortunate (and I said so) that the outlaw should be made secure by having a small stick passed through his arms behind, and the accompanying rope left untied. But I am reminded that the excuse the performers would make is that nothing must hinder them from getting the stirring episode over within the five-and twenty minutes, and that the ludicrous business of the powerful Macgregor on the arrival of the King's pardon, having his arms set free by a mere wave of a soldier's hand, is done to please the opposers of the sketch, they being a far more important body than the general public, and therefore entitled to first consideration.

But in the binding of Rob Roy by the soldiers of the King I once saw realism most painfully overdone. It was a firstnight of a revival of the old play at Sadler's Wells and in an excess of earnestness accelerated by nervousness, the supers bound the massive Macgregor so securely to his stick that the man who had to set him free on the arrival of the pardon could not get the rope undone, The Rob Roy, who was an old stager, and had been looking forward to his freedom in order that he might flourish and dash his body about in fine heroic style the while he made his "tag" speech, was comically furious with the men around him, and endeavoured to get free by going sideways to the proscenium and trying to push the stick out by leaning against it. It shifted a little way and an obliging scene-shifter in the wings thought he would do the rest by reaching out and tugging at the longer end, but he only succeded in jerking the bold Macgregor off the stage at a stumbling pace, and evidently (by the language) hurting him considerably. But in a minute or less, though it seemed much longer he strode upon the stage a free man, so I suppose he had been let loose by knives.

A "real" waterfall has always been a feature of the setting of the principal scene in "Rob Roy," and at some of the outlying theatres where audiences have a better eye for real properties than for real acting, the curtain has been raised at the close of a scene over and over again in response to loud calls upon its name. On one occasion, at Aberdeen the waterfall failed to flow when the curtain had been raised in its honour, and it was whispered about that the hero of the good old drama had in a fit of jealousy got to the works of the arrangement and turned the tap off, There is another story attached to the waterfall scene which is rather amusing. At the Glasgow Theatre Royal once the outlaw was played by the lessee of the house, and Frances by a new tenor, and it was evident to all in the theatre that the unusual success of the piece (in its musical form) was due to the tenor's beautiful voice. But the following conversation, or something like it, was heard to take place between Rob and Frances while the pipes were playing and the dancers tripping it and the waterfall was falling Frances; "How do you account for the fine houses we have been drawing, when last season, I am told, the piece didn't take?" Rob: "Oh, my boy, that's easily explained! I have had the waterfall made broader by a couple of feet since then?" Of course the tenor was fully aware of his drawing power, and was "fishing" when he asked the question; but the management was not so indiscret as to give him the credit of the improved business.

That was an amusing article inthe "Daily Telegraph by "An Old Actor" on the subject of touring, and all who have, vulgarly speaking had some, must have recognised at first glance his admirable word-likeness of the typical sitting-room, of the typical theatrical lodgings. The shades of wax flowers the faded table cloth, and the portrait of the landlady's deceased husband wearing a signet ring—this is as good an impression of the travelling actor's sitting-room as one could well get; and it reminds me of the awful effect such places had upon the artistic mind of Mr. Fred Storey, the actor, dancer, and scene-painter, and nephew of the Royal Academician, G. A. Storey. Mr. Storey has a great eye for artistic interiors, and his home is good proof of his tastes: but his fondness for old oak and old China makes his touring times much harder to him than to the man who has possibly grown up among inartistic surroundings.

When touring with his Rip Van Winkle company, Mr. Storey struck in Plymouth a sitting-room of more than ordinary hideousness, but as the lodging were otherwise satisfactory, and he was weary after his whole day journey by train, he decided to brave the terrors of imitation fruit and only too real horsehair chairs and sofa. But by the time supper was ready the chalky-china vases and stage and minstrel boys, and the forests of wax fruit, had begun to play sad havoc with his nerves, so he called the landlady up and asked her to remove them. And how artfully was the favour requested! He told her that if a member of his company visited him, and saw him surrounded by so many beautiful things, stories of the luxuriousness of his lodgings might get about the theatre, and lead to appeals for higher salaries. The landlady was immensely gratified at being taken in to his confidence in so pleasant a manner and, removed the ornaments in a basket to—his bedroom!

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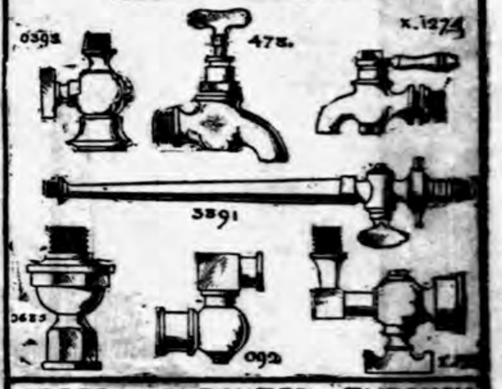

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